PRODUCT INFORMATION



lonomycin

Item No. 10004974

CAS Registry No.:	56092-81-0
Formal Name:	(4R,6S,8S,10Z,12R,14R,16E,18R,1
	9R,20S,21S)-11,19,21-trihydroxy-
	4,6,8,12,14,18,20-heptamethyl-22-
	[(2S,2'R,5S,5'S)-octahydro-5'-[(1R)-1-
	hydroxyethyl]-2,5'-dimethyl[2,2'-bifuran]-
	5-yl]-9-oxo-10,16-docosadienoic acid
MF:	С41H72O9 НО ОН
FW:	709.0
Purity:	≥95%
UV/Vis.:	λ_{max} : 277 nm
Supplied as:	A solution in ethanol
Storage:	-20°C
Stability:	≥2 years
Item Origin:	Bacteria/Streptomyces conglobatus
Information represents the product specifications. Batch specific analytical results are provided on each certificate of analysis	

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Laboratory Procedures

lonomycin is supplied as a solution in ethanol. To change the solvent, simply evaporate the ethanol under a gentle stream of nitrogen and immediately add the solvent of choice. Solvents such as DMSO and dimethyl formamide purged with an inert gas can be used. The solubility of ionomycin in these solvents is approximately 1.4 and 2.5 mg/ml, respectively.

lonomycin is sparingly soluble in aqueous buffers. For maximum solubility in aqueous buffers, the ethanolic solution of ionomycin should be diluted with the aqueous buffer of choice. Ionomycin has a solubility of approximately 0.1 mg/ml in a 1:10 solution of ethanol:PBS (pH 7.2) using this method. We do not recommend storing the aqueous solution for more than one day.

Description

lonomycin is a calcium ionophore originally isolated from S. conglobatus.¹ It induces intracellular calcium mobilization in X. laevis oocytes when used at a concentration of 5 μ M. lonomycin (5 μ M) induces the formation of neutrophil extracellular traps (NETs) in isolated human neutrophils.² Ionomycin in combination with phorbol 12-myristate 13-acetate (PMA; Item No. 10008014) has commonly been used to induce the proliferation and activation of T cells, as well as to stimulate cytokine production in macrophages, in vitro.^{3,4}

References

- 1. Liu, W.-C., Slusarchyk, D.S., Astle, G., et al. lonomycin, a new polyether antibiotic. J. Antibiot. 31(9), 815-819 (1978).
- 2. Locke, M., Francis, R.J., Tsaousi, E., et al. Fibrinogen protects neutrophils from the cytotoxic effects of histones and delays neutrophil extracellular trap formation induced by ionomycin. Sci. Rep. 10(1), 11694 (2020).
- 3. Lehnert, C., Weiswange, M., Jeremias, I., et al. TRAIL-receptor costimulation inhibits proximal TCR signaling and suppresses human T cell activation and proliferation. J. Immunol. 193(8), 4021-4031 (2014).
- 4. Foey, A.D. and Brennan, F.M. Conventional protein kinase C and atypical protein kinase C ζ differentially regulate macrophage production of tumour necrosis factor-a and interleukin-10. Immunology 112(1), 44-53 (2004).

WARNING THIS PRODUCT IS FOR RESEARCH ONLY - NOT FOR HUMAN OR VETERINARY DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC USE.

SAFFTY DATA

This material should be considered hazardous until further information becomes available. Do not ingest, inhale, get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Wash thoroughly after handling. Before use, the user must review the complete Safety Data Sheet, which has been sent via email to your institution.

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