

## HLA-F Polyclonal Antibody

<b>Catalog No.</b>	A10384	<b>Category</b>	Polyclonal Antibodies
<b>Applications</b>	WB	<b>Observed MW</b>	50kDa
<b>Cross-reactivity</b>	Human, Rat	<b>Calculated MW</b>	28kDa/39kDa/50kDa

### Immunogen Information

<b>Immunogen</b>	Recombinant fusion protein containing a sequence corresponding to amino acids 22-190 of human HLA-F (NP_001091949.1).
<b>Gene ID</b>	3134
<b>Swiss prot</b>	P30511
<b>Synonyms</b>	HLA-F; CDA12; HLA-5.4; HLA-CDA12; HLAF; major histocompatibility complex, class I, F

### Product information

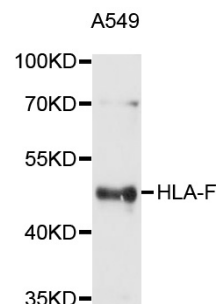
<b>Source</b>	Rabbit
<b>Isotype</b>	IgG
<b>Purification method</b>	Affinity purification
<b>Storage</b>	Store at -20°C. Avoid freeze / thaw cycles. Buffer: PBS with 0.02% sodium azide, 50% glycerol, pH7.3.

### Background

This gene belongs to the HLA class I heavy chain paralogues. It encodes a non-classical heavy chain that forms a heterodimer with a beta-2 microglobulin light chain, with the heavy chain anchored in the membrane. Unlike most other HLA heavy chains, this molecule is localized in the endoplasmic reticulum and Golgi apparatus, with a small amount present at the cell surface in some cell types. It contains a divergent peptide-binding groove, and is thought to bind a restricted subset of peptides for immune presentation. This gene exhibits few polymorphisms. Multiple transcript variants encoding different isoforms have been found for this gene. These variants lack a coding exon found in transcripts from other HLA paralogues due to an altered splice acceptor site, resulting in a shorter cytoplasmic domain.

### Recommended Dilutions

WB 1:500 -  
1:2000



Western blot - HLA-F Polyclonal Antibody (A10384)