



# SAFETY DATA SHEET

## 1. Identification

**Product identifier** 2,2,4-TRIMETHYLPENTANE, VERITAS® ULTIMATE

**Other means of identification**

**Product code** 5578

**Synonym(s)** ISOOCTANE

**Recommended use** professional, scientific and technical activities: scientific research and development

**Recommended restrictions** None known.

### Manufacturer/Importer/Supplier/Distributor information

**Company name** GFS Chemicals, Inc.

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Powell  
OH  
43065  
US

**Telephone** Phone 740-881-5501  
Toll Free 800-858-9682  
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**Website** www.gfschemicals.com

**E-mail** service@gfschemicals.com

**Emergency phone number** Emergency Assistance Chemtrec 800-424-9300

## 2. Hazard(s) identification

**Physical hazards** Flammable liquids Category 2

**Health hazards** Skin corrosion/irritation Category 2  
Specific target organ toxicity, single exposure Category 3 narcotic effects  
Aspiration hazard Category 1

**OSHA hazard(s)** Not classified.

### Label elements



**Signal word** Danger

**Hazard statement** Highly flammable liquid and vapor. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. Causes skin irritation. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. Very toxic to aquatic life. Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

### Precautionary statement

#### Prevention

Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Keep container tightly closed. Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting equipment. Ground/bond container and receiving equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Wash thoroughly after handling. Wear protective gloves/eye protection/face protection.

#### Response

Eliminate all ignition sources if safe to do so. If on skin (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower. If inhaled: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell. Do NOT induce vomiting. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention. In case of fire: Use appropriate media for extinction.

#### Storage

Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool. Store locked up.

#### Disposal

Dispose of contents/container to an approved incineration plant.

**Hazard(s) not otherwise classified (HNOC)** Static accumulating flammable liquid

<b>Environmental hazards</b>	Hazardous to the aquatic environment, acute hazard	Category 1
	Hazardous to the aquatic environment, long-term hazard	Category 1
<b>Supplemental information</b>		
<b>Hazard statement</b>	Static accumulating flammable liquid can become electrostatically charged even in bonded and grounded equipment. Sparks may ignite liquid and vapor. May cause flash fire or explosion.	
<b>Precautionary statement</b>		
<b>Prevention</b>	Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking. Ground/bond container and receiving equipment. These alone may be insufficient to remove static electricity. Avoid release to the environment.	
<b>Response</b>	Collect spillage.	
<b>Disposal</b>	Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.	

### 3. Composition/information on ingredients

#### Substances

Hazardous components			
Chemical name	Common name and synonyms	CAS number	%
2,2,4-TRIMETHYLPENTANE	ISOOCTANE	540-84-1	100

\*Designates that a specific chemical identity and/or percentage of composition has been withheld as a trade secret.

### 4. First-aid measures

<b>Inhalation</b>	Move to fresh air. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell.
<b>Skin contact</b>	Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Wash off with soap and plenty of water. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention.
<b>Eye contact</b>	Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.
<b>Ingestion</b>	Call a physician or poison control center immediately. Rinse mouth. Do not induce vomiting. If vomiting occurs, keep head low so that stomach content doesn't get into the lungs. Aspiration may cause pulmonary edema and pneumonitis.
<b>Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed</b>	Vapors have a narcotic effect and may cause headache, fatigue, dizziness and nausea. Irritant effects.
<b>Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed</b>	Provide general supportive measures and treat symptomatically.
<b>General information</b>	Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, and take precautions to protect themselves. If you feel unwell, seek medical advice (show the label where possible). Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

### 5. Fire-fighting measures

<b>Suitable extinguishing media</b>	Water fog. Foam. Carbon dioxide (CO2). Dry chemical powder, carbon dioxide, sand or earth may be used for small fires only. Powder.
<b>Unsuitable extinguishing media</b>	Water. Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.
<b>Specific hazards arising from the chemical</b>	This product is a poor conductor of electricity and can become electrostatically charged. If sufficient charge is accumulated, ignition of flammable mixtures can occur. To reduce potential for static discharge, use proper bonding and grounding procedures. This liquid may accumulate static electricity when filling properly grounded containers. Static electricity accumulation may be significantly increased by the presence of small quantities of water or other contaminants. By heating and fire, harmful vapors/gases may be formed. Material will float and may ignite on surface of water.
<b>Special protective equipment and precautions for firefighters</b>	Firefighters must use standard protective equipment including flame retardant coat, helmet with face shield, gloves, rubber boots, and in enclosed spaces, SCBA. Structural firefighters protective clothing will only provide limited protection.
<b>Fire-fighting equipment/instructions</b>	In case of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes. Use standard firefighting procedures and consider the hazards of other involved materials. Move containers from fire area if you can do so without risk. Water runoff can cause environmental damage.

## Specific methods

In the event of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes. Self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing must be worn in case of fire. Use standard firefighting procedures and consider the hazards of other involved materials. Move container from fire area if it can be done without risk.

## 6. Accidental release measures

### Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Remove all possible sources of ignition in the surrounding area. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. Transfer by mechanical means such as vacuum truck to a salvage tank or other suitable container for recovery or safe disposal. ELIMINATE all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks or flames in immediate area). Keep unnecessary personnel away. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Keep upwind. Keep out of low areas. Ventilate closed spaces before entering them. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment.

### Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

ELIMINATE all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks or flames in immediate area). Keep combustibles (wood, paper, oil, etc.) away from spilled material. The product is immiscible with water and will spread on the water surface. Stop the flow of material, if this is without risk.

Large Spills: Dike the spilled material, where this is possible. Cover with plastic sheet to prevent spreading. Use a non-combustible material like vermiculite, sand or earth to soak up the product and place into a container for later disposal. Following product recovery, flush area with water.

Small Spills: Wipe up with absorbent material (e.g. cloth, fleece). Clean surface thoroughly to remove residual contamination. This material is classified as a water pollutant under the Clean Water Act and should be prevented from contaminating soil or from entering sewage and drainage systems which lead to waterways.

Never return spills in original containers for re-use. For waste disposal, see section 13 of the MSDS.

### Environmental precautions

Contact local authorities in case of spillage to drain/aquatic environment. Avoid discharge into drains, water courses or onto the ground. Avoid release to the environment. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Do not contaminate water.

## 7. Handling and storage

### Precautions for safe handling

Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air. Minimize fire risks from flammable and combustible materials (including combustible dust and static accumulating liquids) or dangerous reactions with incompatible materials. Handling operations that can promote accumulation of static charges include but are not limited to: mixing, filtering, pumping at high flow rates, splash filling, creating mists or sprays, tank and container filling, tank cleaning, sampling, gauging, switch loading, vacuum truck operations. For additional information on equipment bonding and grounding, refer to the Canadian Electrical Code in Canada, (CSA C22.1), or the American Petroleum Institute (API) Recommended Practice 2003, "Protection Against Ignitions Arising out of Static, Lightning, and Stray Currents" or National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) 77, "Recommended Practice on Static Electricity" or National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) 70, "National Electrical Code". DO NOT handle, store or open near an open flame, sources of heat or sources of ignition. Protect material from direct sunlight. Do not smoke. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. All equipment used when handling the product must be grounded. Use non-sparking tools and explosion-proof equipment. Avoid breathing mist or vapor. Avoid contact with skin. Avoid contact with eyes. Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Avoid release to the environment. Do not empty into drains.

### Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store locked up. Keep away from heat, sparks and open flame. Prevent electrostatic charge build-up by using common bonding and grounding techniques. Store in cool place. Eliminate sources of ignition. Avoid spark promoters. Ground/bond container and equipment. These alone may be insufficient to remove static electricity. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Keep in an area equipped with sprinklers. Keep out of the reach of children. Store in a cool, dry place out of direct sunlight.

## 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

### Occupational exposure limits

No exposure limits noted for ingredient(s).

### Biological limit values

No biological exposure limits noted for the ingredient(s).

### Appropriate engineering controls

Explosion-proof general and local exhaust ventilation. Good general ventilation (typically 10 air changes per hour) should be used. Ventilation rates should be matched to conditions. If applicable, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to maintain airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. If exposure limits have not been established, maintain airborne levels to an acceptable level. An eye wash and safety shower must be available in the immediate work area.

**Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment**

<b>Eye/face protection</b>	Wear eye/face protection.
<b>Skin protection</b>	
<b>Hand protection</b>	Wear protective gloves.
<b>Other</b>	Wear suitable protective clothing. Wear protective gloves.
<b>Respiratory protection</b>	No personal respiratory protective equipment normally required.
<b>Thermal hazards</b>	Not available.

**General hygiene considerations** When using, do not eat, drink or smoke. Avoid contact with eyes. Avoid contact with skin. Wash hands before breaks and immediately after handling the product. Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice.

**9. Physical and chemical properties**

<b>Appearance</b>	Clear.
<b>Physical state</b>	Liquid.
<b>Form</b>	Liquid.
<b>Color</b>	Colorless.
<b>Odor</b>	Gasoline-like.
<b>Odor threshold</b>	Not available.
<b>pH</b>	Not available.
<b>Melting point/freezing point</b>	-161.4 °F (-107.45 °C)
<b>Initial boiling point and boiling range</b>	210.63 °F (99.24 °C)
<b>Flash point</b>	40.10 °F (4.50 °C) Open Cup
<b>Evaporation rate</b>	Not available.
<b>Flammability (solid, gas)</b>	Not applicable.
<b>Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits</b>	
<b>Flammability limit - lower (%)</b>	1.1
<b>Flammability limit - upper (%)</b>	Not available.
<b>Explosive limit - lower (%)</b>	Not available.
<b>Explosive limit - upper (%)</b>	Not available.
<b>Vapor pressure</b>	6.573 kPa at 25 °C
<b>Vapor density</b>	3.93
<b>Relative density</b>	Not available.
<b>Solubility(ies)</b>	Insoluble.
<b>Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water)</b>	Not available.
<b>Auto-ignition temperature</b>	784 °F (417.78 °C)
<b>Decomposition temperature</b>	Not available.
<b>Viscosity</b>	Not available.
<b>Other information</b>	
<b>Density</b>	0.69 g/cm3 estimated
<b>Flammability class</b>	Flammable IB estimated
<b>Flash point class</b>	Flammable IB
<b>Molecular formula</b>	C8-H18
<b>Molecular weight</b>	114.22 g/mol
<b>Specific gravity</b>	0.6919 at 20 °C

**10. Stability and reactivity**

<b>Reactivity</b>	Not available.
<b>Chemical stability</b>	Risk of explosion. Material is stable under normal conditions.
<b>Possibility of hazardous reactions</b>	Hazardous polymerization does not occur.

<b>Conditions to avoid</b>	Heat, flames and sparks. Avoid temperatures exceeding the flash point.
<b>Incompatible materials</b>	Oxidizing material.
<b>Hazardous decomposition products</b>	No hazardous decomposition products are known.

## 11. Toxicological information

### Information on likely routes of exposure

<b>Ingestion</b>	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
<b>Inhalation</b>	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. Vapors have a narcotic effect and may cause headache, fatigue, dizziness and nausea.
<b>Skin contact</b>	Not available.
<b>Eye contact</b>	Due to lack of data the classification is not possible.

<b>Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics</b>	Irritant effects. Symptoms of overexposure may be headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea and vomiting.
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### Information on toxicological effects

<b>Acute toxicity</b>	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
<b>Skin corrosion/irritation</b>	Causes skin irritation.
<b>Serious eye damage/eye irritation</b>	Due to lack of data the classification is not possible.
<b>Respiratory sensitization</b>	Due to lack of data the classification is not possible.
<b>Skin sensitization</b>	Due to lack of data the classification is not possible.
<b>Germ cell mutagenicity</b>	Due to lack of data the classification is not possible.
<b>Carcinogenicity</b>	This product is not considered to be a carcinogen by IARC, ACGIH, NTP, or OSHA.
<b>Reproductive toxicity</b>	Due to lack of data the classification is not possible.
<b>Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure</b>	May cause irritation to the respiratory system. Narcotic effects.
<b>Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure</b>	Due to lack of data the classification is not possible.
<b>Aspiration hazard</b>	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

## 12. Ecological information

<b>Ecotoxicity</b>	Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Accumulation in aquatic organisms is expected.
<b>Persistence and degradability</b>	No data is available on the degradability of this product.
<b>Bioaccumulative potential</b>	Not available.
<b>Mobility in soil</b>	Not available.
<b>Other adverse effects</b>	Not available.

## 13. Disposal considerations

<b>Disposal instructions</b>	Collect and reclaim or dispose in sealed containers at licensed waste disposal site. This material and its container must be disposed of as hazardous waste. Incinerate the material under controlled conditions in an approved incinerator. Do not incinerate sealed containers. Do not allow this material to drain into sewers/water supplies. Do not contaminate ponds, waterways or ditches with chemical or used container. If discarded, this product is considered a RCRA ignitable waste, D001. Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.
<b>Local disposal regulations</b>	Not available.
<b>Hazardous waste code</b>	D001: Waste Flammable material with a flash point <140 F
<b>Waste from residues / unused products</b>	Dispose of in accordance with local regulations. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe manner (see: Disposal instructions).
<b>Contaminated packaging</b>	Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal. Since emptied containers may retain product residue, follow label warnings even after container is emptied.

## 14. Transport information

### DOT

<b>UN number</b>	UN1262
<b>UN proper shipping name</b>	Octanes, MARINE POLLUTANT
<b>Transport hazard class(es)</b>	3

<b>Subsidiary class(es)</b>	Not available.
<b>Packing group</b>	II
<b>Special precautions for user</b>	Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.
<b>Labels required</b>	3
<b>Special provisions</b>	IB2, T4, TP1
<b>Packaging exceptions</b>	150
<b>Packaging non bulk</b>	202
<b>Packaging bulk</b>	242

#### IATA

<b>UN number</b>	UN1262
<b>UN proper shipping name</b>	Octanes
<b>Transport hazard class(es)</b>	3
<b>Subsidiary class(es)</b>	-
<b>Packaging group</b>	II
<b>Environmental hazards</b>	No
<b>Labels required</b>	Not available.
<b>ERG Code</b>	3H
<b>Special precautions for user</b>	Not available.

#### IMDG

<b>UN number</b>	UN1262
<b>UN proper shipping name</b>	OCTANES, MARINE POLLUTANT
<b>Transport hazard class(es)</b>	3
<b>Subsidiary class(es)</b>	-
<b>Packaging group</b>	II
<b>Environmental hazards</b>	
<b>Marine pollutant</b>	Yes
<b>Labels required</b>	Not available.
<b>EmS</b>	F-E, S-E
<b>Special precautions for user</b>	Not available.

**Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code** No information available.

**General information** DOT Regulated Marine Pollutant. IMDG Regulated Marine Pollutant.

#### DOT



#### IATA; IMDG





## 15. Regulatory information

**US federal regulations** All components are on the U.S. EPA TSCA Inventory List.

**TSCA Section 12(b) Export Notification (40 CFR 707, Subpt. D)**

Not regulated.

**US. OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050)**

Not on regulatory list.

**CERCLA Hazardous Substance List (40 CFR 302.4)**

2,2,4-TRIMETHYLPENTANE (CAS 540-84-1) LISTED

**Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA)**

**Hazard categories**  
Immediate Hazard - No  
Delayed Hazard - No  
Fire Hazard - Yes  
Pressure Hazard - No  
Reactivity Hazard - No

**SARA 302 Extremely hazardous substance** No

**SARA 311/312 Hazardous chemical** No

**Other federal regulations**

**Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112 Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) List**

2,2,4-TRIMETHYLPENTANE (CAS 540-84-1)

**Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112(r) Accidental Release Prevention (40 CFR 68.130)**

Not regulated.

**Safe Drinking Water Act (SDWA)** Not regulated.

**Drug Enforcement Administration (DEA). List 2, Essential Chemicals (21 CFR 1310.02(b) and 1310.04(f)(2) and Chemical Code Number**

Not listed.

**Drug Enforcement Administration (DEA). List 1 & 2 Exempt Chemical Mixtures (21 CFR 1310.12(c))**

Not regulated.

**DEA Exempt Chemical Mixtures Code Number**

Not regulated.

**Food and Drug Administration (FDA)** Not regulated.

**US state regulations** California Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1986 (Proposition 65): This material is not known to contain any chemicals currently listed as carcinogens or reproductive toxins.

**US. Massachusetts RTK - Substance List**

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**US. New Jersey Worker and Community Right-to-Know Act**

Not regulated.

**US. Pennsylvania RTK - Hazardous Substances**

2,2,4-TRIMETHYLPENTANE (CAS 540-84-1)

**US. Rhode Island RTK**

Not regulated.

**US. California Proposition 65**

**US - California Proposition 65 - Carcinogens & Reproductive Toxicity (CRT): Listed substance**

Not listed.

## International Inventories

Country(s) or region	Inventory name	On inventory (yes/no)*
Australia	Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS)	Yes
Canada	Domestic Substances List (DSL)	Yes
Canada	Non-Domestic Substances List (NDSL)	No
China	Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China (IECSC)	Yes
Europe	European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances (EINECS)	Yes
Europe	European List of Notified Chemical Substances (ELINCS)	No
Japan	Inventory of Existing and New Chemical Substances (ENCS)	Yes
Korea	Existing Chemicals List (ECL)	Yes
New Zealand	New Zealand Inventory	Yes
Philippines	Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS)	Yes
United States & Puerto Rico	Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory	Yes

\*A "Yes" indicates this product complies with the inventory requirements administered by the governing country(s)

## 16. Other information, including date of preparation or last revision

**Issue date** March-28-2013

**Version #** 01

**Further information** Not available.

**Disclaimer** The information in the sheet was written based on the best knowledge and experience currently available. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text.