

RAG2 Polyclonal Antibody

| Catalog No. Applications Cross-reactivity | A12488 WB Human, Mouse | Category Observed MW Calculated MW | Polyclonal Antibodies 59kDa 59kDa | |
|---|---|--|---|--|
| Immunogen Information | | | Recommended Dilutions | |
| Immunogen | Recombinant fusion protein containing a sequence WB 1:500 - corresponding to amino acids 258-527 of human RAG2 1:2000 (NP_001230715.1). | | 1:2000 | |
| Gene ID | 5897 | | North Road Inde | |
| Swiss prot | P55895 | | 170kDa | |
| Synonyms | RAG2; RAG-2; recombination active | ating 2 | 130kDa — 100kDa — | |
| Product information | | | 70kDa — — RAG2 | |
| Source | Rabbit | | 55kDa — | |
| Isotype | lgG | | 40kDa — | |
| Purification method | Affinity purification | | 35kDa- | |
| Storage | Store at -20°C. Avoid freeze / thaw Buffer: PBS with 0.02% sodium azi | | Western blot - RAG2 Polyclonal Antibody (A12488) | |
| Background | | | | |

This gene encodes a protein that is involved in the initiation of V(D)J recombination during B and T cell development. This protein forms a complex with the product of the adjacent recombination activating gene 1, and this complex can form double-strand breaks by cleaving DNA at conserved recombination signal sequences. The recombination activating gene 1 component is thought to contain most of the catalytic activity, while the N-terminal of the recombination activating gene 2 component is thought to form a six-bladed propeller in the active core that serves as a binding scaffold for the tight association of the complex with DNA. A C-terminal plant homeodomain finger-like motif in this protein is necessary for interactions with chromatin components, specifically with histone H3 that is trimethylated at lysine 4. Mutations in this gene cause Omenn syndrome, a form of severe combined immunodeficiency associated with autoimmune-like symptoms.

