PRODUCT INFORMATION



13,14-dihydro-15-keto Prostaglandin E₂

Item No. 14650

CAS Registry No.:	363-23-5	
Formal Name:	(5Z,11α)-11-hydroxy-9,15-dioxo-	
Synonyms:	prost-5-en-1-oic acid 13,14-dihydro-15-keto PGE ₂ , 13,14-dihydro-oxo-PGE ₂ , PGEM	о соон
MF:	$C_{20}H_{32}O_5$	
FW:	352.5	
Purity:	≥95%	но • П • •
Supplied as:	A solution in methyl acetate	0
Storage:	-20°C	
Stability:	≥2 years	

Information represents the product specifications. Batch specific analytical results are provided on each certificate of analysis.

Laboratory Procedures

13,14-dihydro-15-keto Prostaglandin E₂ (13,14-dihydro-15-keto PGE₂) is supplied as a solution in methyl acetate. To change the solvent, simply evaporate the methyl acetate under a gentle stream of nitrogen and immediately add the solvent of choice. Solvents such as ethanol, DMSO, and dimethyl formamide purged with an inert gas can be used. The solubility of 13,14-dihydro-15-keto PGE₂ in these solvents is approximately 100 mg/ml.

Further dilutions of the stock solution into aqueous buffers or isotonic saline should be made prior to performing biological experiments. Ensure that the residual amount of organic solvent is insignificant, since organic solvents may have physiological effects at low concentrations. If an organic solvent-free solution of 13,14-dihydro-15-keto PGE₂ is needed, it can be prepared by evaporating the methyl acetate and directly dissolving the neat oil in aqueous buffers. The solubility of 13,14-dihydro-15-keto PGE₂ in PBS (pH 7.2) is approximately 5 mg/ml. We do not recommend storing the aqueous solution for more than one day.

Description

13,14-dihydro-15-keto PGE_2 is a metabolite of PGE_2 (Item No. 14010) and the primary PGE_2 metabolite in plasma.^{1,2} It is formed from PGE_2 via a 15-keto PGE_2 intermediate by 15-oxo-PG Δ^{13} reductase.² Unlike PGE₂, 13,14-dihydro-15-keto PGE₂ does not bind effectively to the PGE₂ receptors EP₂ and EP₄ expressed in CHO cells (K_is = 12 and 57 μ M, respectively) or induce adenylate cyclase activity in the same cells $(EC_{50}s = >18 \text{ and } >38 \mu M$, respectively). Levels of 13,14-dihydro-15-keto PGE₂ are increased in the plasma of women in the third trimester of pregnancy and in women during and immediately after labor and delivery.³ Levels of 13,14-dihydro-15-keto PGE₂ levels are decreased in tumor tissue compared to adjacent non-cancerous tissue isolated from patients with non-small cell lung cancer (NSCLC).⁴

References

- 1. Hamberg, M. and Samuelsson, B. On the metabolism of prostaglandins E_1 and E_2 in man. J. Biol. Chem. 246(22), 6713-6721 (1971).
- 2. Nishigaki, N., Negishi, M., and Ichikawa, A. Two G_s-coupled prostaglandin E receptor subtypes, EP2 and EP4, differ in desensitization and sensitivity to the metabolic inactivation of the agonist. Mol. Pharmacol. 50(4), 1031-1037 (1996).
- Husslein, P. and Sinzinger, H. Concentration of 13,14-dihydro-15-keto-prostaglandin E₂ in the maternal peripheral plasma during labour of spontaneous onset. Br. J. Obstet. Gynaecol. 91(3), 228-231 (1984).
- 4. Hughes, D., Otani, T., Yang, P., et al. NAD⁺-dependent 15-hydroxyprostaglandin dehydrogenase regulates levels of bioactive lipids in non-small cell lung cancer. Cancer Prev. Res. (Phila) 1(4), 241-249 (2008).

WARNING THIS PRODUCT IS FOR RESEARCH ONLY - NOT FOR HUMAN OR VETERINARY DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC USE.

SAFETY DATA

This material should be considered hazardous until further information becomes available. Do not ingest, inhale, get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Wash thoroughly after handling. Before use, the user must review the complete Safety Data Sheet, which has been sent via email to your institution.

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