

SAFETY DATA SHEET

1. Identification

Product identifier	2,2,4-TRIMETHYLPENTANE	E, HPLC
Other means of identification		
Product code	2494	
Synonym(s)	ISOOCTANE	
Recommended use	professional, scientific and technical activities: scientific research and development	
Recommended restrictions	None known.	
Manufacturer/Importer/Supp	ier/Distributor information	
Company name Address	GFS Chemicals, Inc. P.O. Box 245 Powell OH 43065 US	
Telephone	Phone Toll Free Fax	740-881-5501 800-858-9682 740-881-5989
Website E-mail	www.gfschemicals.com service@gfschemicals.com	
Emergency phone number	Emergency Assistance	Chemtrec 800-424-9300

2. Hazard(s) identification

Physical hazards	Flammable liquids	Category 2
Health hazards	Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 2
	Specific target organ toxicity, single exposure	Category 3 narcotic effects
	Aspiration hazard	Category 1
OSHA hazard(s)	Not classified.	

Label elements



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Signal word	Danger
Hazard statement	Highly flammable liquid and vapor. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. Causes skin irritation. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. Very toxic to aquatic life. Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
Precautionary statement	
Prevention	Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces No smoking. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Keep container tightly closed. Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting equipment. Ground/bond container and receiving equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Wash thoroughly after handling. Wear protective gloves/eye protection/face protection.
Response	Eliminate all ignition sources if safe to do so. If on skin (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower. If inhaled: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell. Do NOT induce vomiting. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention. In case of fire: Use appropriate media for extinction.
Storage	Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool. Store locked up.
Disposal	Dispose of contents/container to an approved incineration plant.
Hazard(s) not otherwise classified (HNOC)	Static accumulating flammable liquid

Environmental hazards	Hazardous to the aquatic environment, acute hazard	Category 1
	Hazardous to the aquatic environment, long-term hazard	Category 1
Supplemental information		
Hazard statement	Static accumulating flammable liquid can beco grounded equipment. Sparks may ignite liquid	ome electrostatically charged even in bonded and l and vapor. May cause flash fire or explosion.
Precautionary statement		
Prevention		surfaces No smoking. Ground/bond container and ufficient to remove static electricity. Avoid release to
Response	Collect spillage.	
Disposal	Dispose of contents/container in accordance w	vith local/regional/national/international regulations.

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substances

Hazardous components			
Chemical name	Common name and synonyms	CAS number	%
2,2,4-TRIMETHYLPENTANE	ISOOCTANE	540-84-1	100

*Designates that a specific chemical identity and/or percentage of composition has been withheld as a trade secret.

	4.	First-a	aid measures	
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Inhalation	Move to fresh air. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell.
Skin contact	Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Wash off with soap and plenty of water. If skir irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention.
Eye contact	Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.
Ingestion	Call a physician or poison control center immediately. Rinse mouth. Do not induce vomiting. If vomiting occurs, keep head low so that stomach content doesn't get into the lungs. Aspiration may cause pulmonary edema and pneumonitis.
Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed	Vapors have a narcotic effect and may cause headache, fatigue, dizziness and nausea. Irritant effects.
Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed	Provide general supportive measures and treat symptomatically.
General information	Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, and take precautions to protect themselves. If you feel unwell, seek medical advice (show the label where possible). Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

5. Fire-fighting measures

Suitable extinguishing media	Water fog. Foam. Carbon dioxide (CO2). Dry chemical powder, carbon dioxide, sand or earth may be used for small fires only. Powder.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	Water. Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	This product is a poor conductor of electricity and can become electrostatically charged. If sufficient charge is accumulated, ignition of flammable mixtures can occur. To reduce potential for static discharge, use proper bonding and grounding procedures. This liquid may accumulate static electricity when filling properly grounded containers. Static electricity accumulation may be significantly increased by the presence of small quantities of water or other contaminants. By heating and fire, harmful vapors/gases may be formed. Material will float and may ignite on surface of water.
Special protective equipment and precautions for firefighters	Firefighters must use standard protective equipment including flame retardant coat, helmet with face shield, gloves, rubber boots, and in enclosed spaces, SCBA. Structural firefighters protective clothing will only provide limited protection.
Fire-fighting equipment/instructions	In case of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes. Use standard firefighting procedures and consider the hazards of other involved materials. Move containers from fire area if you can do so without risk. Water runoff can cause environmental damage.

In the event of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes. Self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing must be worn in case of fire. Use standard firefighting procedures and consider the hazards of other involved materials. Move container from fire area if it can be done without risk.

6. Accidental release measures

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Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures	Remove all possible sources of ignition in the surrounding area. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. Transfer by mechanical means such as vacuum truck to a salvage tank or other suitable container for recovery or safe disposal. ELIMINATE all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks or flames in immediate area). Keep unnecessary personnel away. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Keep upwind. Keep out of low areas. Ventilate closed spaces before entering them. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment.
Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up	ELIMINATE all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks or flames in immediate area). Keep combustibles (wood, paper, oil, etc.) away from spilled material. The product is immiscible with water and will spread on the water surface. Stop the flow of material, if this is without risk.
	Large Spills: Dike the spilled material, where this is possible. Cover with plastic sheet to prevent spreading. Use a non-combustible material like vermiculite, sand or earth to soak up the product and place into a container for later disposal. Following product recovery, flush area with water.
	Small Spills: Wipe up with absorbent material (e.g. cloth, fleece). Clean surface thoroughly to remove residual contamination. This material is classified as a water pollutant under the Clean Water Act and should be prevented from contaminating soil or from entering sewage and drainage systems which lead to waterways.
	Never return spills in original containers for re-use. For waste disposal, see section 13 of the MSDS.
Environmental precautions	Contact local authorities in case of spillage to drain/aquatic environment. Avoid discharge into drains, water courses or onto the ground. Avoid release to the environment. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Do not contaminate water.
7. Handling and storage	
Precautions for safe handling	Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air. Minimize fire risks from flammable and combustible materials (including combustible dust and static accumulating liquids) or dangerous reactions with incompatible materials. Handling operations that can promote accumulation of static charges include but are not limited to: mixing, filtering, pumping at high flow rates, splash filling, creating mists or sprays, tank and container filling, tank cleaning, sampling, gauging, switch loading, vacuum truck operations. For additional information on equipment bonding and grounding, refer to the Canadian Electrical Code in Canada, (CSA C22.1), or the American Petroleum Institute (API) Recommended Practice 2003, "Protection Against Ignitions Arising out of Static, Lightning, and Stray Currents" or National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) 77, "Recommended Practice on Static Electricity" or National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) 70, "National Electrical Code". DO NOT handle, store or open near an open flame, sources of heat or sources of ignition. Protect material from direct sunlight. Do not smoke. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. All equipment used when handling the product must be grounded. Use non-sparking tools and explosion-proof equipment. Avoid breathing mist or vapor. Avoid contact with skin. Avoid contact with eyes. Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Avoid release to the environment. Do not empty into drains.
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	Store locked up. Keep away from heat, sparks and open flame. Prevent electrostatic charge build-up by using common bonding and grounding techniques. Store in cool place. Eliminate sources of ignition. Avoid spark promoters. Ground/bond container and equipment. These alone may be insufficient to remove static electricity. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Keep in an area equipped with sprinklers. Keep out of the reach of children. Store in a cool, dry place out of direct sunlight.
8. Exposure controls/pe	rsonal protection

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Occupational exposure limits	No exposure limits noted for ingredient(s).
Biological limit values	No biological exposure limits noted for the ingredient(s).
Appropriate engineering controls	Explosion-proof general and local exhaust ventilation. Good general ventilation (typically 10 air changes per hour) should be used. Ventilation rates should be matched to conditions. If applicable, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to maintain airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. If exposure limits have not been established, maintain airborne levels to an acceptable level. An eye wash and safety shower must be available in the immediate work area.

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

Eye/face protection	Wear eye/face protection.
Skin protection	
Hand protection	Wear protective gloves.
Other	Wear suitable protective clothing. Wear protective gloves.
Respiratory protection	No personal respiratory protective equipment normally required.
Thermal hazards	Not available.
General hygiene considerations	When using, do not eat, drink or smoke. Avoid contact with eyes. Avoid contact with skin. Wash hands before breaks and immediately after handling the product. Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice.

9. Physical and chemical properties

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Appearance	Clear.
Physical state	Liquid.
Form	Liquid.
Color	Colorless.
Odor	Gasoline-like.
Odor threshold	Not available.
рН	Not available.
Melting point/freezing point	-161.4 °F (-107.45 °C)
Initial boiling point and boiling range	210.63 °F (99.24 °C)
Flash point	40.10 °F (4.50 °C) Open Cup
Evaporation rate	Not available.
Flammability (solid, gas)	Not applicable.
Upper/lower flammability or e	xplosive limits
Flammability limit - lower (%)	1.1
Flammability limit - upper (%)	Not available.
Explosive limit - lower (%)	Not available.
Explosive limit - upper (%)	Not available.
Vapor pressure	6.573 kPa at 25 °C
Vapor density	3.93
Relative density	Not available.
Solubility(ies)	Insoluble.
Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water)	Not available.
Auto-ignition temperature	784 °F (417.78 °C)
Decomposition temperature	Not available.
Viscosity	Not available.
Other information	
Density	0.69 g/cm3 estimated
Flammability class	Flammable IB estimated
Flash point class	Flammable IB
Molecular formula	C8-H18
Molecular weight	114.22 g/mol
Specific gravity	0.6919 at 20 °C

10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	Not available.
Chemical stability	Risk of explosion. Material is stable under normal conditions.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	Hazardous polymerization does not occur.

Conditions to avoid	Heat, flames and sparks. Avoid temperatures exceeding the flash point.
Incompatible materials	Oxidizing material.
Hazardous decomposition products	No hazardous decomposition products are known.

11. Toxicological information

Information on likely routes of exposure

Ingestion	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
Inhalation	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. Vapors have a narcotic effect and may cause headache, fatigue, dizziness and nausea.
Skin contact	Not available.
Eye contact	Due to lack of data the classification is not possible.
Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics	Irritant effects. Symptoms of overexposure may be headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea and vomiting.
Information on toxicological e	ffects
Acute toxicity	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
Skin corrosion/irritation	Causes skin irritation.
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Due to lack of data the classification is not possible.
Respiratory sensitization	Due to lack of data the classification is not possible.
Skin sensitization	Due to lack of data the classification is not possible.
Germ cell mutagenicity	Due to lack of data the classification is not possible.
Carcinogenicity	This product is not considered to be a carcinogen by IARC, ACGIH, NTP, or OSHA.
Reproductive toxicity	Due to lack of data the classification is not possible.
Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure	May cause irritation to the respiratory system. Narcotic effects.
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure	Due to lack of data the classification is not possible.
Aspiration hazard	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

12. Ecological information

Ecotoxicity	Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Accumulation in aquatic organisms is expected.
Persistence and degradability	No data is available on the degradability of this product.
Bioaccumulative potential	Not available.
Mobility in soil	Not available.
Other adverse effects	Not available.

13. Disposal considerations

Disposal instructions	Collect and reclaim or dispose in sealed containers at licensed waste disposal site. This material and its container must be disposed of as hazardous waste. Incinerate the material under controlled conditions in an approved incinerator. Do not incinerate sealed containers. Do not allow this material to drain into sewers/water supplies. Do not contaminate ponds, waterways or ditches with chemical or used container. If discarded, this product is considered a RCRA ignitable waste, D001. Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.
Local disposal regulations	Not available.
Hazardous waste code	D001: Waste Flammable material with a flash point <140 F
Waste from residues / unused products	Dispose of in accordance with local regulations. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe manner (see: Disposal instructions).
Contaminated packaging	Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal. Since emptied containers may retain product residue, follow label warnings even after container is emptied.

14. Transport information

DOT

UN1262 **UN number** UN proper shipping name Octanes, MARINE POLLUTANT Transport hazard class(es) 3

Subsidary class(es) Packing group Special precautions for user Labels required Special provisions	Not available. II Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling. 3 IB2, T4, TP1
Packaging exceptions Packaging non bulk Packaging bulk	150 202 242
IATA	
UN number UN proper shipping name Transport borout close(co)	UN1262 Octanes
Transport hazard class(es) Subsidary class(es)	3
Packaging group	П
Environmental hazards	No
Labels required	Not available.
ERG Code	3H
Special precautions for	Not available.
user	
IMDG	
UN number	UN1262
UN proper shipping name	OCTANES, MARINE POLLUTANT
Transport hazard class(es)	3
Subsidary class(es)	-
Packaging group Environmental hazards	II
Marine pollutant Labels required	Yes Not available.
EmS	F-E, S-E
Special precautions for	Not available.
user	
Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code	No information available.
General information	DOT Regulated Marine Pollutant. IMDG Regulated Marine Pollutant.
DOT	



Marine pollutant



15. Regulatory information

US federal regulations

All components are on the U.S. EPA TSCA Inventory List.

TSCA Section 12(b) Export Notification (40 CFR 707, Subpt. D)

Not regulated.

US. OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050) Not on regulatory list.

CERCLA Hazardous Substance List (40 CFR 302.4)

2,2,4-TRIMETHYLPENTANE (CAS 540-84-1)

horization Act of 1986 (SARA)

Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1	
Hazard categories	Immediate Hazard - No Delayed Hazard - No Fire Hazard - Yes Pressure Hazard - No Reactivity Hazard - No
SARA 302 Extremely hazardous substance	No
SARA 311/312 Hazardous chemical	No

Other federal regulations

Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112 Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) List

2,2,4-TRIMETHYLPENTANE (CAS 540-84-1)

Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112(r) Accidental Release Prevention (40 CFR 68.130)

Not regulated.

Safe Drinking Water Act Not regulated.

(SDWA)

Drug Enforcement Administration (DEA). List 2, Essential Chemicals (21 CFR 1310.02(b) and 1310.04(f)(2) and **Chemical Code Number**

LISTED

Not listed.

Drug Enforcement Administration (DEA). List 1 & 2 Exempt Chemical Mixtures (21 CFR 1310.12(c)) Not regulated.

DEA Exempt Chemical Mixtures Code Number

Not regulated.

Not regulated.

Administration (FDA) US state regulations

Food and Drug

California Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1986 (Proposition 65): This material is not known to contain any chemicals currently listed as carcinogens or reproductive toxins.

US. Massachusetts RTK - Substance List

2,2,4-TRIMETHYLPENTANE (CAS 540-84-1)

US. New Jersey Worker and Community Right-to-Know Act

Not regulated.

US. Pennsylvania RTK - Hazardous Substances

2,2,4-TRIMETHYLPENTANE (CAS 540-84-1)

US. Rhode Island RTK

Not regulated.

US. California Proposition 65

US - California Proposition 65 - Carcinogens & Reproductive Toxicity (CRT): Listed substance Not listed.

International Inventories

Country(s) or region	Inventory name	On inventory (yes/no)*
Australia	Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS)	Yes
Canada	Domestic Substances List (DSL)	Yes
Canada	Non-Domestic Substances List (NDSL)	No
China	Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China (IECSC)	Yes
Europe	European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances (EINECS)	Yes
Europe	European List of Notified Chemical Substances (ELINCS)	No
Japan	Inventory of Existing and New Chemical Substances (ENCS)	Yes
Korea	Existing Chemicals List (ECL)	Yes
New Zealand	New Zealand Inventory	Yes
Philippines	Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS)	Yes
United States & Puerto Rico	Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory	Yes
*A "Yes" indicates this product co	omplies with the inventory requirements administered by the governing country(s))

16. Other information, including date of preparation or last revision

Issue date Version # Further information	March-28-2013 01
Disclaimer	Not available.
Disclaimer	The information in the sheet was written based on the best knowledge and experience currently available. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text.
Revision Information	Product and Company Identification: Product and Company Identification