Product Information



NH₂

Dihydrorhodamine 123

Item No. 85100

CAS Registry No.:	109244-58-8	
Formal Name:	2-(3,6-diamino-9H-xanthen-9-yl)-	H ₂ N O
	benzoic acid, methyl ester	
Synonym:	DHR 123	
MF:	$C_{21}H_{18}N_2O_3$	\checkmark \checkmark \checkmark
FW:	346.4	СООСН
Purity:	≥98%	
Stability:	≥2 years at -20°C	
Supplied as:	A crystalline solid	·
UV/Vis.:	223, 289 nm	\checkmark

Laboratory Procedures

For long term storage, we suggest that Dihydrorhodamine 123 (DHR 123) be stored as supplied at -20°C. It should be stable for at least two years.

DHR 123 is supplied as a crystalline solid. A stock solution may be made by dissolving the DHR 123 in the solvent of choice. DHR 123 is soluble in organic solvents such as ethanol, DMSO, and dimethyl formamide, which should be purged with an inert gas. The solubility of DHR 123 in these solvents is approximately 10 mg/ml.

DHR 123 is only sparingly soluble in aqueous solutions, it is less than 20 µg/ml in PBS (pH 7.2). Further dilutions of the stock solution into aqueous buffers or isotonic saline should be made prior to performing biological experiments. Ensure that the residual amount of organic solvent is insignificant, since organic solvents may have physiological effects at low concentrations. We do not recommend storing the aqueous solution for more than one day.

DHR 123 is a cell-permeable fluorogenic probe that is used as an indicator of intracellular peroxynitrite formation.¹ It is oxidized by peroxynitrite to the highly fluorescent product rhodamine in vitro. Neither nitric oxide, superoxide, nor hydrogen peroxide alone appear to oxidize DHR 123.¹ Formation of rhodamine can be monitored by fluorescence spectroscopy using excitation and emission wavelengths of 500 and 536 nm, respectively, or by absorbance spectroscopy at 500 nm $(\varepsilon = 78,800 \text{ M}^{-1} \text{ cm}^{-1})$.¹⁻³ DHR 123 has been used to investigate reactive oxygen intermediates produced by endothelial cells, eosinophils, and reactive microglia.4-6

References

- 1. Crow, J.P. Dichlorodihydrofluorescein and dihydrorhodamine 123 are sensitive indicators of peroxynitrite in vitro: Implications for intracellular measurement of reactive nitrogen and oxygen species. Nitric Oxide: Biology and Chemistry 1, 145-157 (1997).
- Briviba, K., Roussyn, I., Sharov, V.S., et al. Attenuation of oxidation and nitration reactions of peroxynitrite by 2. selenomethionine, selenocystine and ebselen. Biochem. J. 319, 13-15 (1996).
- Sies, H., Sharov, V.S., Klotz, L., et al. Glutathione peroxidase protects against peroxynitrite-mediated oxidations. A new function for selenoproteins as peroxynitrite reductase. J. Biol. Chem. 272, 27812-27817 (1997).
- 4. Handa, O., Stephen, J., and Cepinskas, G. Role of endothelial nitric oxide synthase-derived nitric oxide in activation and dysfunction of cerebrovascular endothelial cells during early onsets of sepsis. Am. J. Physiol. Heart Circ. Physiol. 295, H1712-9 (2008).
- 5. Lacy, P., Latif, D.A., Steward, M., et al. Divergence of mechanisms regulating respiratory burst in blood and sputum eosinophils and neutophils from atopic subjects. J. Immunol. 170, 2670-9 (2003).
- Li, J., Baud, O., Volpe, J.J., et al. Peroxynitrite generated by inducible nitric oxide synthase and NADPH oxidase 6. mediates microglial toxicity to oligodendrocytes. Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA 102(28), 9936-9941 (2005).

Related Products

For a list of related products please visit: www.caymanchem.com/catalog/85100

WARNING: This product is for laboratory research only: not for administration to humans. Not for human or veterinary DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC USE.

SAFETY DATA

This material should be considered hazardous until information to the contrary becomes available. Do not ingest, swallow, or inhale. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Wash thoroughly after handling. This information contains some, but not all, of the information required for the safe and proper use of this material. Before use, the user must review the complete Safety Data Sh which has been sent via email to your institution

WARRANTY AND LIMITATION OF REMEDY

Cayman Chemical Company makes no warranty or guarantee of any kind, whether written or oral, expressed or implied, including without limitation, any warranty of fitness for a particular rpose, suitability and mechantability, which extends beyond the description of the chemicals hereof. Cayman warrants only to the original customer that the material will meet our specifications at the time of delivery.

at the time of delivery. Cayman will carry out its delivery obligations with due care and skill. Thus, in no event will Cayman have **any obligation or liability**, whether in tort (including negligence) or in contract, for any direct, indirect, incidental or consequential damages, even if Cayman is informed about their possible existence. This limitation of liability does not apply in the case of intentional acts or negligence of Cayman, its directors or its employees. Buyer's **exclusive remedy** and Cayman's sole liability hereunder shall be limited to a <u>refund</u> of the purchase price, or at Cayman's option, the <u>replacement</u>, at no cost to Buyer, of all material that

Buyers exclusive remeay and caymains sole nature interventies share to minice to a <u>scenare</u> or use posterior price, and the material at its destination. Failure of Buyer to give said notice within thirty (30) days after arrival of the material at its destination. Failure of Buyer to give said notice within thirty (30) days shall constitute a waiver by Buyer of all claims hereunder with respect to said material. For further details, please refer to our Warranty and Limitation of Remedy located on our website and in our catalog. Copyright Cayman Chemical Company, 02/11/2015

Cayman Chemical

Mailing address

1180 E. Ellsworth Road Ann Arbor, MI 48108 USA

Phone (800) 364-9897 (734) 971-3335

Fax (734) 971-3640

E-Mail

custserv@caymanchem.com

Web

www.caymanchem.com