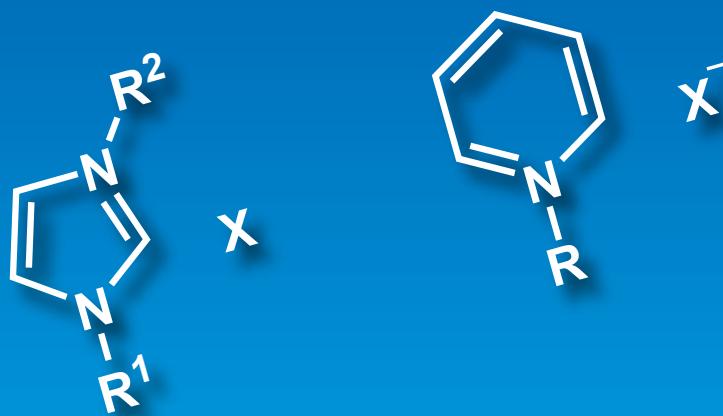


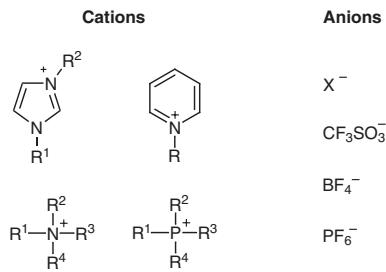
Ionic Liquids



- Ammonium Salts
- Imidazolium Salts
- Morpholinium Salts
- Phosphonium Salts
- Piperidinium Salts
- Pyridinium Salts
- Pyrrolidinium Salts
- Sulfonium Salts

Ionic Liquids

In recent years, environmentally-friendly reaction processes have vigorously been studied from the standpoint of green chemistry. For example, oxidation reactions with the air, or reactions in water, supercritical fluids, and fluorous solvents are cited. Most recently, ionic liquids have gained much attention as green reaction solvents for organic synthesis.



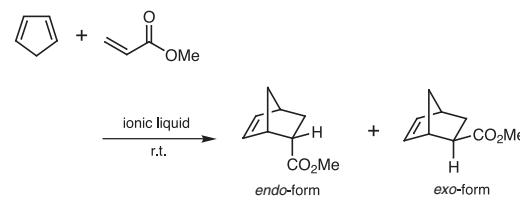
As seen above, ionic liquids are salts, consisting of cations such as imidazolium, pyridinium, quaternary ammonium and quaternary phosphonium, and anions such as halogen, triflate, tetrafluoroborate and hexafluorophosphate, which exist in the liquid state at relatively low temperatures. Their characteristic features include almost no vapor pressure, non-flammability, non-combustibility, high thermal stability, relatively low viscosity, wide temperature ranges for being liquids, and high ionic conductivity. When an ionic liquid is used as a reaction solvent, the solute is solvated by ions only, where the reaction proceeds under quite different conditions as compared to using water or ordinary organic solvents. Hence, they are expected to exhibit unconventional reactivity, and their applications in a variety of organic reactions are being explored.

Ionic liquids containing chloroaluminate as the anion have been investigated for many years. These ionic liquids are not only used as reaction solvents, but also exhibit Lewis acid or Lewis base properties, when the ratio of cations and anions is changed. However, they can only be used under an inert atmosphere or vacuum, due to their high moisture sensitivity. On the other hand, it has been found that ionic liquids containing anions such as hexafluorophosphate form stable salts in air, which lead to the synthesis of numerous stable ionic liquids today. Furthermore, some ionic liquids have very low solubility in water and polar organic solvents. Utilization of this property enables recovery and reuse of ionic liquids, after extracting the product with an organic solvent. That can help to reduce the waste of traditional solvents which are rarely reused. Moreover, ionic liquids have attracted much attention as safe solvents, due to their low volatility.

The followings are some reaction examples using ionic liquids.

1. Diels-Alder reaction

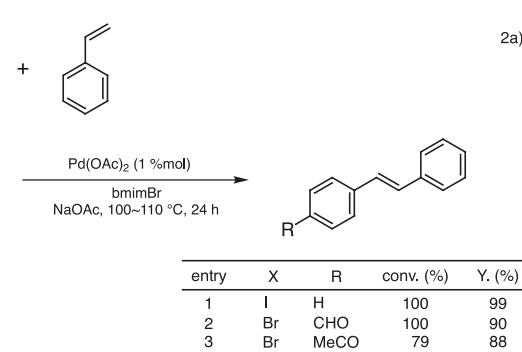
The Diels-Alder reaction between cyclopentadiene and methyl acrylate ester has been reported. In the Diels Alder reaction using 1-ethyl-3-methylimidazolium chloride / chloroaluminate [emimCl/(AlCl₃)x], the *endo* / *exo* ratio of the products varies largely, depending on the ratio of emimCl/(AlCl₃)x. The amount of *endo*-form increases four-fold with the acidic emimCl/(AlCl₃)x, compared to that of the basic emimCl/(AlCl₃)x.^{1a)} When the same reaction is carried out with 1-butyl-3-methylimidazolium tetrafluoroborate (bmimBF₄), it showed similar reactivity to Lewis basic emimCl/(AlCl₃)x.^{1b)}



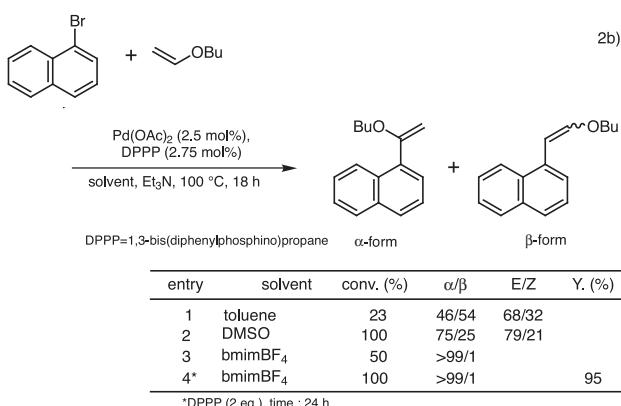
ionic liquids	composition (% AlCl ₃)	time (h)	<i>endo/exo</i> Y. (%)	ratio
emimCl/(AlCl ₃)x	48 (basic)	22	4.88	32.3 ^{1a)}
emimCl/(AlCl ₃)x	48 (basic)	72	5.25	95 ^{1a)}
emimCl/(AlCl ₃)x	51 (acidic)	22	19	53 ^{1a)}
emimCl/(AlCl ₃)x	51 (acidic)	72	19	79.4 ^{1a)}
bmimBF ₄	-	72	4.3	91 ^{1b)}

2. Heck reaction

In the Heck reaction using palladium catalysts, polar solvents such as DMF and acetonitrile are employed, and aryl iodides are normally used as substrates. In cases where the less expensive but less reactive aryl bromides or chlorides are employed, it is necessary to use more active catalysts or add phosphine ligands in order to retain the catalytic activity. By utilizing 1-butyl-3-methylimidazolium bromide (bmimBr) as solvent, aryl bromides react with styrene to afford stilbenes in high yields without adding a phosphine ligand.^{2a)}

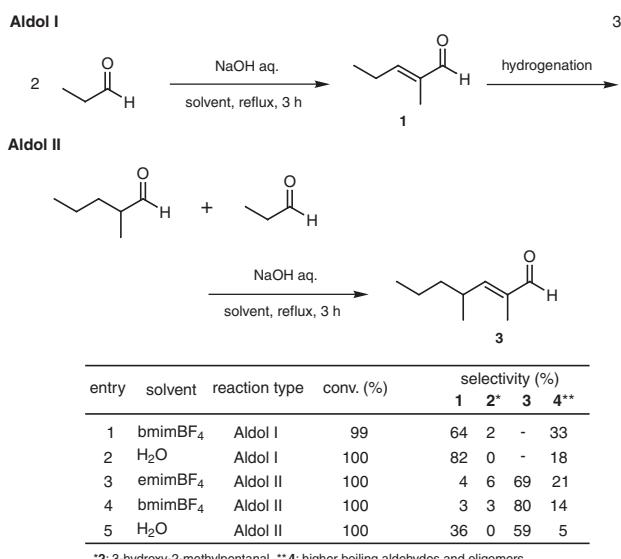


The reaction of enol ethers bearing an electron donating group with aryl halides generates a mixture of α -substituents and β -substituents under the normal Heck reaction conditions. However, the reaction of vinyl ethers with aryl halides using bmimBF₄ as solvent gives only α -substituents specifically.^{2b)} In addition, the Heck reaction employing tetrabutylammonium bromide (Bu₄NBr), which is a quaternary ammonium salt, has been reported.^{2c)}



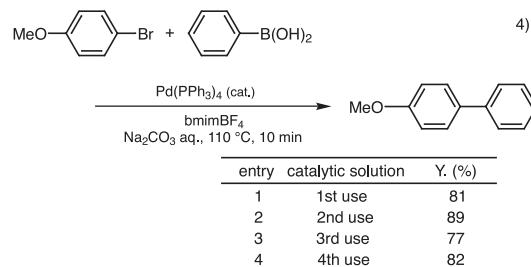
3. Aldol condensation

The Aldol condensation reaction using ionic liquids has been reported. In the reaction for obtaining 2,4-dimethylhept-2-enal **3** from propanal via two Aldol condensations, the conversion values of the ionic liquid phase is comparable to water medium in the Aldol I reaction. However, the product selectivity is reduced, as can be seen in the figure below. This is due to a side reaction proceeding from the high solubility of product **1** toward the ionic liquid. In contrast, in the Aldol II reaction, as compared with the reaction in water, the product selectivity in ionic liquids are increased. This is because the hydrogenated product of **1** is difficult to dissolve in water but easy in ionic liquids.³⁾



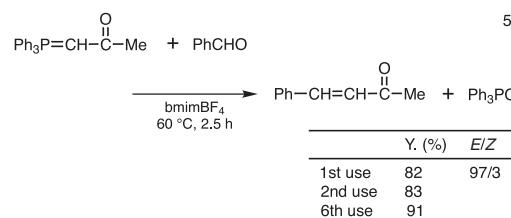
4. Suzuki-Miyaura coupling reaction

In the Suzuki-Miyaura coupling reaction where biaryls are produced from aryl halides and aryl boronic acids in the presence of a palladium catalyst and a base, the removal of the catalyst is often a problem. In the system where an ionic liquid is used as solvent, the product can be extracted with ether after the reaction is complete, with the catalyst being retained in the ionic liquid. The ionic liquid and the catalyst can then be reused as they are.⁴⁾



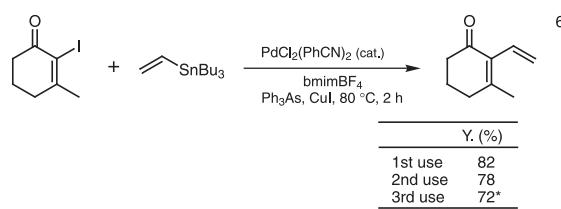
5. Wittig reaction

The Wittig reaction is a useful method for C-C double bond formation. However, the separation of the product and the by-product, triphenylphosphine oxide, is a classic problem. The separation and purification are usually carried out by crystallization or chromatography. When an ionic liquid is used as solvent, the product and phosphine oxide can be easily separated by combining an ether extraction and a toluene extraction after the reaction is complete. In addition, it is possible to efficiently reuse the ionic liquid.⁵⁾



6. Stille reaction

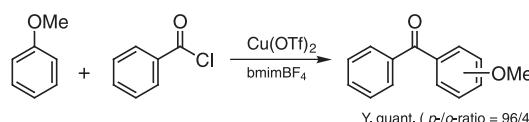
The Stille reaction is a useful reaction, where an organotin compound and an electrophilic reagent are reacted to form a C-C bond under mild conditions in the presence of palladium catalyst. In the reaction of vinyltributyltin and iodocyclo-hexenone in an ionic liquid, the product can be extracted with ether, and the catalyst is retained in the ionic liquid. The ionic liquid and the catalyst can be reused as they are. This ionic liquid / catalyst phase is air and moisture stable, and thus can be used after a long storage without loss in activity.⁶⁾



* 3rd run using recycled catalyst/media after 24 days

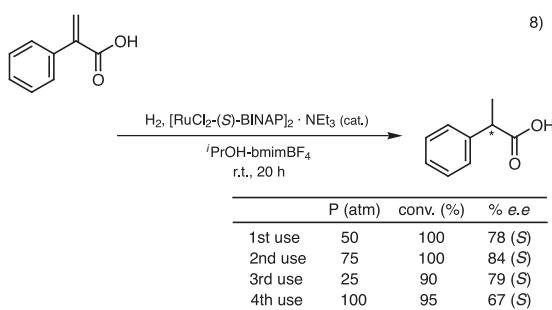
7. Friedel-Crafts reaction

Here is an example of the Friedel-Crafts reaction. In the benzoylation of anisoles catalyzed by copper triflate in bmimBF₄, methoxybenzophenone is quantitatively obtained within 1h, with a *p*- / *o*-product ratio of 96/4.^{7a)} The same reaction performed using acetonitrile gave a lower conversion of 64% at 1h, with the reduced *p*- / *o*-product ratio of 93/7. In addition, the regioselective acylations of indoles using emimCl/(AlCl₃)x has been reported as well.^{7b)}



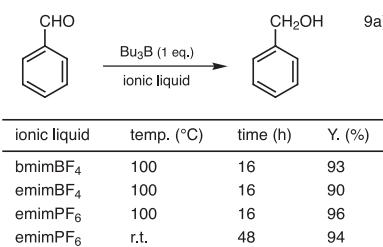
8. Hydrogenation

In the asymmetric hydrogenation of C-C double bond using homogeneous chiral transition metal complexes, the recovery of the catalyst and the separation of the products are often troublesome.⁸⁾ Dupont *et al.* have reported an example in which the reagents are allowed to react in a two phase system of an ionic liquid and an alcohol. After the reaction is complete, the product exists in the alcoholic phase, while the catalyst in the ionic liquid phase. Thus, the product and the catalyst can be easily separated by decantation. In addition, the catalyst which exists in the ionic liquid phase can be reused without loss in activity.



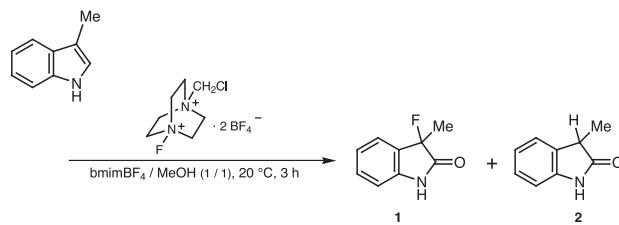
9. Reduction

The reduction of aldehydes using trialkylboranes is an important organic transformation reaction. However, reductions using simple trialkylboranes generally require reaction temperatures in excess of 150 °C. Kabalka *et al.* have reported this reduction using trialkylborane in which bmimBF₄, emimBF₄, and 1-ethyl-3-methylimidazolium hexafluoro-phosphate (emimPF₆) are used as solvents.^{9a)} For example, when benzaldehyde was reduced by tributylborane in emimPF₆, the reaction proceeded rapidly at 100 °C to give the product in high yield. Although long reaction time is needed comparatively, the product can be obtained even at room temperature. In addition, a photoreduction has also been reported using ionic liquids.^{9b)}



10. Fluorination

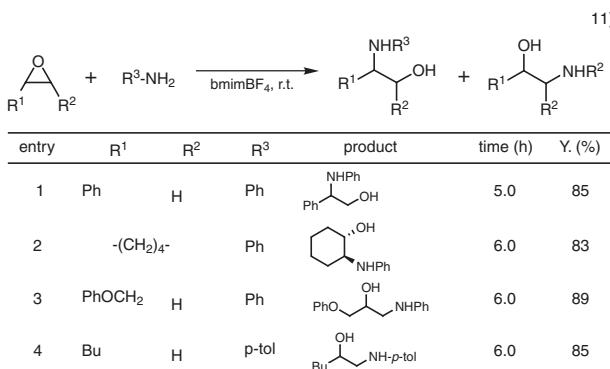
The introduction of fluorines into heterocyclic compounds is important in the synthesis of bioactive compounds. In the electrophilic fluorination of indoles using *N*-fluoro-*N'*-(chloromethyl)triethylenediamine bis(tetrafluoroborate) as fluorinating agent and bmimBF₄ as a solvent, 3-fluorinated 2-oxoindoles can be obtained in high yield in a short period of time compared to the conventional method (entry 1).¹⁰⁾



entry	solvent	cosolvent (1/1)	temp. (°C)	time (h)	1 (%)	2 (%)	
1	MeCN	H ₂ O	r.t.	overnight	71	small amount	10a)
2	bmimBF ₄	MeOH	20	3	99	-	10b)

11. Ring opening reaction

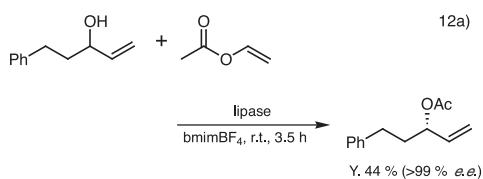
β-Aminoalcohols are utilized as useful building blocks for the synthesis of bioactive compounds. One of the synthetic methods to obtain β-aminoalcohols involves the ring opening of epoxides using amines. However, these reactions require a large excess of the amines at elevated temperatures. The high temperature reaction conditions are not only detrimental to certain functional groups but also to the control of regioselectivity. Subsequently, a variety of activators or promoters such as metal amides, metal triflates and transition metal halides have been developed. However, many of these are often expensive or are needed in stoichiometric amounts, thus limiting their practicality. In the system using ionic liquids, the reaction proceeds at room temperature to give β-aminoalcohols in high yield.¹¹⁾



In the cases of glycidyl ether or alkyl oxiranes in entry 3 and 4, amines attack on the less sterically hindered site on the epoxides. After the reaction, the product was extracted with ether, followed by drying at 80 °C under reduced pressure. The ionic liquid was reused in five runs without any loss of activity.

12. Enzymatic reaction

Enzymatic reactions using ionic liquids have also been reported.¹²⁾ It is known that lipase tolerates non-natural reaction conditions, and reactions in organic solvents have intensively been carried out. For example, transesterifications in organic solvents are well known as a useful synthetic methods for the preparation of optically-active compounds. In the asymmetric transesterification of allylic alcohols using ionic liquids, the desired products are afforded in similar yields to those of organic solvent systems.^{12a)}



As described above, a variety of reactions utilizing ionic liquids have been conducted, and the improvement of yields and the recovery and reuse of solvents have been reported. Furthermore, they are also applied to alkylations¹³⁾, allylations¹⁴⁾, epoxidations¹⁵⁾, cycloadditions¹⁶⁾, hydroesterifications¹⁷⁾, and reactions using supercritical CO₂¹⁸⁾, in which they are reported to be effective.

13. Other application

Ionic liquids are attracting attention in electrochemical application, because they consist of only ions and have high ionic conductivity. For example, they have been extensively studied as secondary battery electrolytes. These electrolytes require properties such as high ionic conductivity, non-volatility, thermal stability, non-flammability, and non-corrosiveness. Ionic liquids meet these requirements. Moreover, 1-alkyl-3-methylimidazolium iodide has been recently examined as an electrolyte of dye-sensitized solar cells.¹⁹⁾

Recently Hamaguchi *et al.* reported that 1-butyl-3-methylimidazolium tetrachloroferrate is magnetic ionic liquid.²⁰⁾ Traditional magnetic fluids have had problems of volatility and phase separation. The new magnetic ionic liquid overcomes these problems, and is expected to be applied to many fields, including the use as a sealing agent for the motor axis.

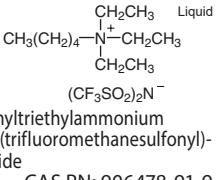
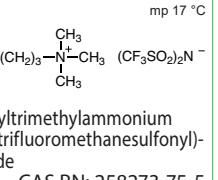
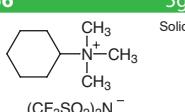
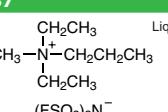
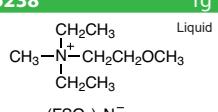
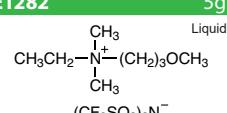
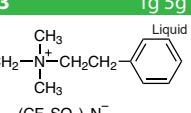
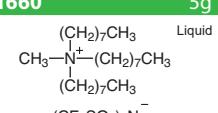
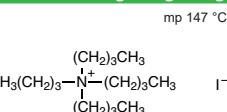
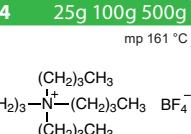
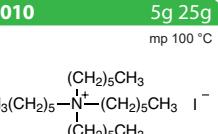
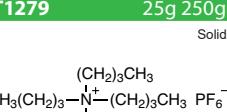
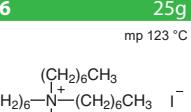
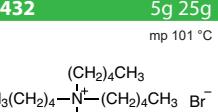
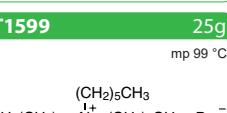
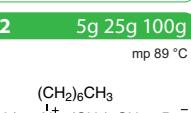
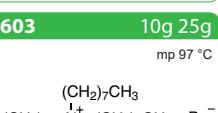
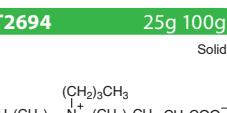
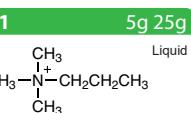
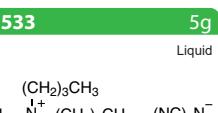
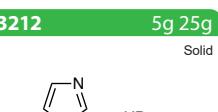
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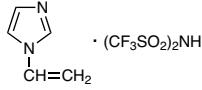
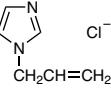
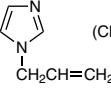
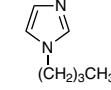
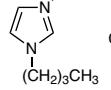
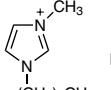
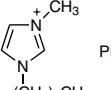
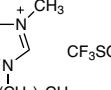
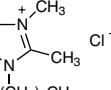
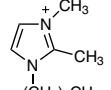
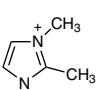
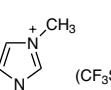
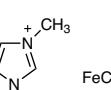
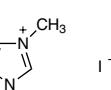
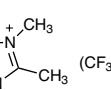
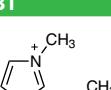
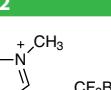
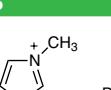
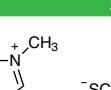
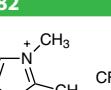
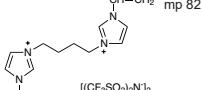
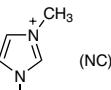
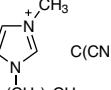
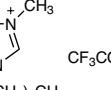
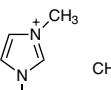
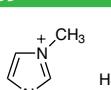
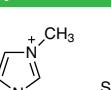
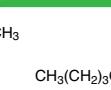
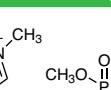
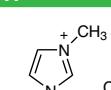
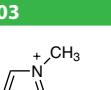
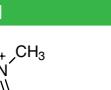
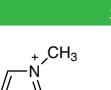
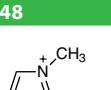
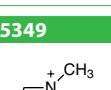
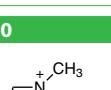
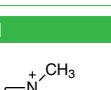
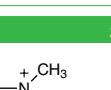
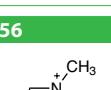
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Reviews

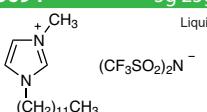
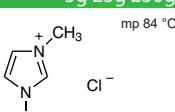
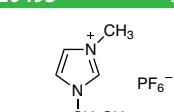
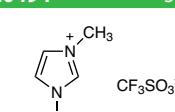
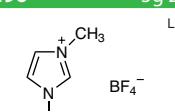
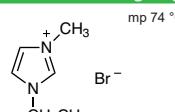
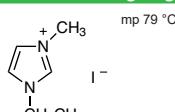
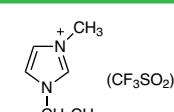
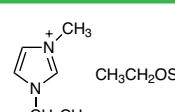
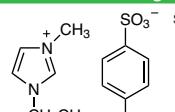
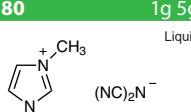
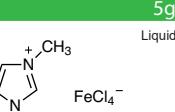
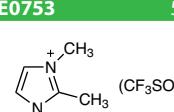
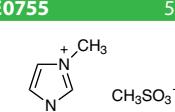
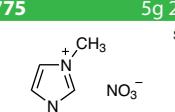
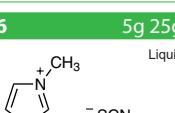
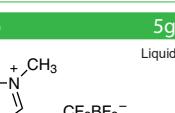
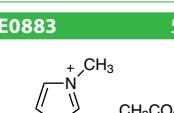
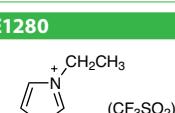
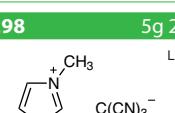
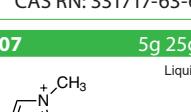
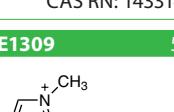
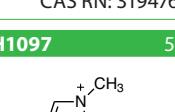
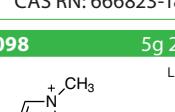
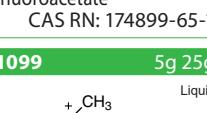
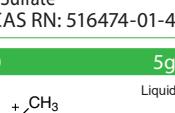
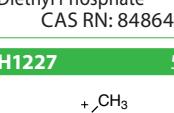
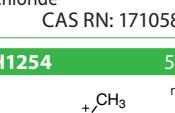
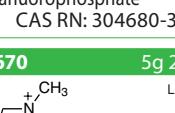
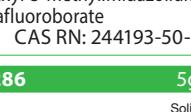
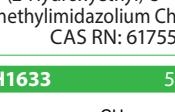
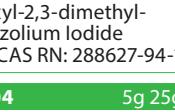
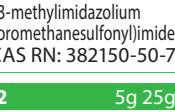
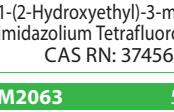
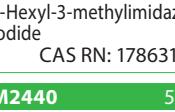
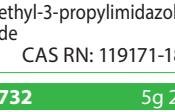
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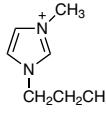
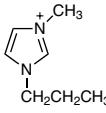
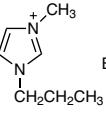
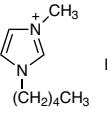
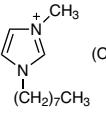
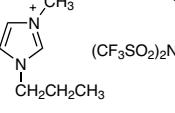
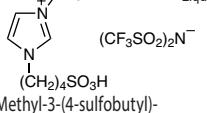
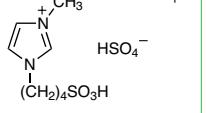
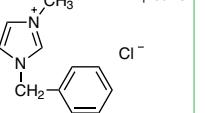
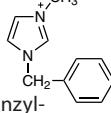
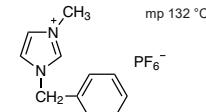
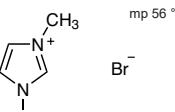
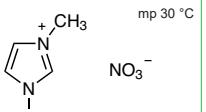
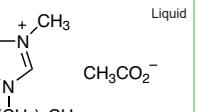
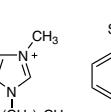
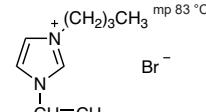
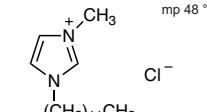
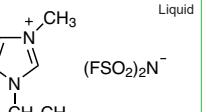
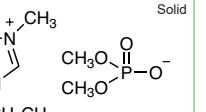
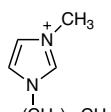
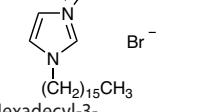
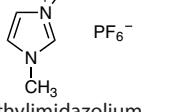
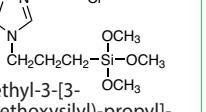
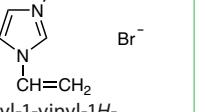
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C1966	5g		D5237	1g		D5238	1g	
Cyclohexyltrimethylammonium Bis(trifluoromethanesulfonyl)imide CAS RN: 952155-74-7			Diethyl(methyl)propylammonium Bis(fluorosulfonyl)imide CAS RN: 1235234-32-8			Methyltri-n-octylammonium Bis(trifluoromethanesulfonyl)imide CAS RN: 375395-33-8		Ethyl(2-methoxyethyl)dimethylammonium Bis(trifluoromethanesulfonyl)imide CAS RN: 1235234-35-1
E1282	5g		E1283	1g 5g		M1660	5g	
Ethyl(3-methoxypropyl)dimethylammonium Bis(trifluoromethanesulfonyl)imide CAS RN: 1373334-05-4			Ethyl(dimethyl)(2-phenylethyl)ammonium Bis(trifluoromethanesulfonyl)imide CAS RN: 1804970-28-2			Tetrabutylammonium Bromide CAS RN: 1643-19-2		Tetrabutylammonium Chloride CAS RN: 1112-67-0
T0057	25g 100g 500g		T0914	25g 100g 500g		T1010	5g 25g	
Tetrabutylammonium Iodide CAS RN: 311-28-4			Tetrabutylammonium Tetrafluoroborate CAS RN: 429-42-5			Tetrahexylammonium Iodide CAS RN: 2138-24-1		Tetra-n-octylammonium Iodide CAS RN: 16829-91-7
T1279	25g 250g		T1396	25g		T1432	5g 25g	
Tetrabutylammonium Hexafluorophosphate CAS RN: 3109-63-5			Tetraheptylammonium Iodide CAS RN: 3535-83-9			Tetraamylammonium Bromide CAS RN: 866-97-7		Tetrabutylammonium Triflate CAS RN: 35895-70-6
T1599	25g		T1602	5g 25g 100g		T1603	10g 25g	
Tetrahexylammonium Bromide CAS RN: 4328-13-6			Tetraheptylammonium Bromide CAS RN: 4368-51-8			Tetra-n-octylammonium Bromide CAS RN: 14866-33-2		Tributylmethylammonium Bis(trifluoromethanesulfonyl)imide CAS RN: 405514-94-5
T2694	25g 100g		T2761	5g 25g		T3533	5g	
Tetrabutylammonium Acetate CAS RN: 10534-59-5			Trimethylpropylammonium Bis(trifluoromethanesulfonyl)imide CAS RN: 268536-05-6			Tributyl(methyl)ammonium Dicyanamide CAS RN: 1262230-03-4		Tributylmethylammonium p-Toluenesulfonate CAS RN: 7182-86-7
M3212	5g 25g		M3214	5g 25g		M3210	5g 25g	
1-Methylimidazole Hydrobromide CAS RN: 101023-58-9			1-Methylimidazole Trifluoromethanesulfonate CAS RN: 99257-94-0			1-Methylimidazole Bis(trifluoromethanesulfonyl)imide CAS RN: 353239-08-4		
Imidazolium Salts								

V0145	5g	mp 37 °C  1-Vinylimidazolium Bis(trifluoromethanesulfonyl)imide CAS RN: 1013027-27-4
A2084	5g 25g	Liquid  1-Allyl-3-methylimidazolium Chloride CAS RN: 65039-10-3
A3210	5g 25g	Liquid  1-Allyl-3-methylimidazolium Bis(trifluoromethanesulfonyl)imide CAS RN: 655249-87-9
B2193	5g	Liquid  1-Butyl-3-methylimidazolium Bromide CAS RN: 85100-77-2
B2194	5g 25g 100g	mp 41 °C  1-Butyl-3-methylimidazolium Chloride CAS RN: 79917-90-1
B2195	5g 25g 100g	Liquid  1-Butyl-3-methylimidazolium Tetrafluoroborate CAS RN: 174501-65-6
B2320	5g 25g	Liquid  1-Butyl-3-methylimidazolium Hexafluorophosphate CAS RN: 174501-64-5
B2337	5g 25g	Liquid  1-Butyl-3-methylimidazolium Trifluoromethanesulfonate CAS RN: 174899-66-2
B2473	5g 25g	mp 99 °C  1-Butyl-2,3-dimethylimidazolium Chloride CAS RN: 98892-75-2
B2474	5g 25g	mp 38 °C  1-Butyl-2,3-dimethylimidazolium Hexafluorophosphate CAS RN: 227617-70-1
B2475	5g 25g	fp 32 °C  1-Butyl-2,3-dimethylimidazolium Tetrafluoroborate CAS RN: 402846-78-0
B2477	5g 25g	Liquid  1-Butyl-3-methylimidazolium Bis(trifluoromethanesulfonyl)imide CAS RN: 174899-83-3
B2672	5g 25g	Liquid  1-Butyl-3-methylimidazolium Tetrachloroferrate CAS RN: 359845-21-9
B2708	5g 25g	Liquid  1-Butyl-3-methylimidazolium Iodide CAS RN: 65039-05-6
B3159	5g 25g	Liquid  1-Butyl-2,3-dimethylimidazolium Bis(trifluoromethanesulfonyl)imide CAS RN: 350493-08-2
B3231	5g 25g	mp 76 °C  1-Butyl-3-methylimidazolium Methanesulfonate CAS RN: 342789-81-5
B3542	5g	Liquid  1-Butyl-3-methylimidazolium Trifluoro(trifluoromethyl)borate CAS RN: 741677-68-9
B3596	5g	mp 8 °C  1-Butyl-3-methylimidazolium Tribromide CAS RN: 820965-08-0
B4091	5g 25g	Liquid  1-Butyl-3-methylimidazolium Thiocyanate CAS RN: 344790-87-0
B4182	5g 25g	mp 44 °C  1-Butyl-2,3-dimethylimidazolium Triflate CAS RN: 765910-73-4
B5421	1g	mp 82 °C  3,3'-(Butane-1,4-diyl)-bis(1-vinyl-3-imidazolium)-Bis(trifluoromethanesulfonyl)imide CAS RN: 1312310-16-9
B5447	5g 25g	Liquid  1-Butyl-3-methylimidazolium Dicyanamide CAS RN: 448245-52-1
B5487	5g 25g	Liquid  1-Butyl-3-methylimidazolium Tricyanomethanide CAS RN: 878027-73-7
B5526	5g 25g	Liquid  1-Butyl-3-methylimidazolium Trifluoroacetate CAS RN: 174899-94-6
B5527	5g 25g	Liquid  1-Butyl-3-methylimidazolium Methyl Sulfate CAS RN: 401788-98-5
B5569	5g 25g	Liquid  1-Butyl-3-methylimidazolium Hydrogen Sulfate CAS RN: 262297-13-2
B5724	5g 25g	Liquid  1-Butyl-3-methylimidazolium Hexafluoroantimonate CAS RN: 174645-81-9
B5723	5g 25g	Liquid  1-Butyl-3-methylimidazolium Dibutyl Phosphate CAS RN: 663199-28-8
D3240	5g 25g	Liquid  1,3-Dimethylimidazolium Dimethyl Phosphate CAS RN: 654058-04-5
D3341	5g 25g	mp 125 °C  1,3-Dimethylimidazolium Chloride CAS RN: 79917-88-7
D3903	5g 25g	Solid  1,2-Dimethyl-3-propylimidazolium Iodide CAS RN: 218151-78-1
D4289	5g 25g	Liquid  2,3-Dimethyl-1-propylimidazolium Bis(trifluoromethanesulfonyl)imide CAS RN: 169051-76-7
D4351	5g 25g	Liquid  1-Decyl-3-methylimidazolium Bis(trifluoromethanesulfonyl)imide CAS RN: 433337-23-6
D4654	5g 25g	mp 86 °C  1,3-Dimethylimidazolium Iodide CAS RN: 4333-62-4
D5348	5g 25g	Liquid  1,3-Dimethylimidazolium Methyl Sulfate CAS RN: 97345-90-9
D5349	5g 25g	mp 22 °C  1,3-Dimethylimidazolium Bis(trifluoromethanesulfonyl)imide CAS RN: 174899-81-1
D5350	5g 25g	Liquid  1-Decyl-3-methylimidazolium Bromide CAS RN: 188589-32-4
D5351	5g 25g	Liquid  1-Decyl-3-methylimidazolium Chloride CAS RN: 171058-18-7
D5373	5g 25g	Liquid  1-Decyl-3-methylimidazolium Tetrafluoroborate CAS RN: 244193-56-4
D5356	5g 25g	mp 45 °C  1-Dodecyl-3-methylimidazolium Bromide CAS RN: 61546-00-7

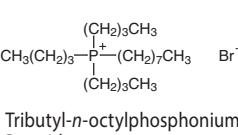
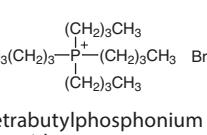
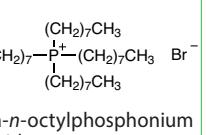
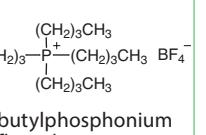
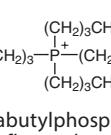
Ionic Liquids

D5694  5g 25g Liquid (CF ₃ SO ₂) ₂ N ⁻ 1-Dodecyl-3-methylimidazolium Bis(trifluoromethanesulfonyl)imide CAS RN: 404001-48-5	E0490  5g 25g 250g mp 84 °C Cl ⁻ 1-Ethyl-3-methylimidazolium Chloride CAS RN: 65039-09-0	E0493  5g 25g mp 61 °C PF ₆ ⁻ 1-Ethyl-3-methylimidazolium Hexafluorophosphate CAS RN: 155371-19-0	E0494  5g 25g Liquid CF ₃ SO ₃ ⁻ 1-Ethyl-3-methylimidazolium Trifluoromethanesulfonate CAS RN: 145022-44-2	E0496  5g 25g Liquid BF ₄ ⁻ 1-Ethyl-3-methylimidazolium Tetrafluoroborate CAS RN: 143314-16-3
E0543  5g 25g mp 74 °C Br ⁻ 1-Ethyl-3-methylimidazolium Bromide CAS RN: 65039-08-9	E0556  5g 25g mp 79 °C I ⁻ 1-Ethyl-3-methylimidazolium Iodide CAS RN: 35935-34-3	E0599  5g 25g Liquid (CF ₃ SO ₂) ₂ N ⁻ 1-Ethyl-3-methylimidazolium Bis(trifluoromethanesulfonyl)imide CAS RN: 174899-82-2	E0650  5g 25g Liquid CH ₃ CH ₂ OSO ₃ ⁻ 1-Ethyl-3-methylimidazolium Ethyl Sulfate CAS RN: 342573-75-5	E0651  5g 25g Solid SO ₃ ⁻ 1-Ethyl-3-methylimidazolium p-Toluenesulfonate CAS RN: 328090-25-1
E0680  1g 5g Liquid (NC) ₂ N ⁻ 1-Ethyl-3-methylimidazolium Dicyanamide CAS RN: 370865-89-7	E0706  5g Liquid FeCl ₄ ⁻ 1-Ethyl-3-methylimidazolium Tetrachloroferrate CAS RN: 850331-04-3	E0753  5g 25g Liquid (CF ₃ SO ₂) ₂ N ⁻ 1-Ethyl-2,3-dimethylimidazolium Bis(trifluoromethanesulfonyl)imide CAS RN: 174899-90-2	E0755  5g 25g Liquid CH ₃ SO ₃ ⁻ 1-Ethyl-3-methylimidazolium Methanesulfonate CAS RN: 145022-45-3	E0775  5g 25g Solid NO ₃ ⁻ 1-Ethyl-3-methylimidazolium Nitrate CAS RN: 143314-14-1
E0776  5g 25g Liquid SCN ⁻ 1-Ethyl-3-methylimidazolium Thiocyanate CAS RN: 331717-63-6	E0836  5g Liquid CF ₃ BF ₃ ⁻ 1-Ethyl-3-methylimidazolium Trifluoro(trifluoromethyl)borate CAS RN: 681856-28-0	E0883  5g 25g Liquid CH ₃ CO ₂ ⁻ 1-Ethyl-3-methylimidazolium Acetate CAS RN: 143314-17-4	E1280  5g Liquid (CF ₃ SO ₂) ₂ N ⁻ 3-Ethyl-1-vinylimidazolium Bis(trifluoromethanesulfonyl)imide CAS RN: 319476-28-3	E1298  5g 25g Liquid C(CN) ₃ ⁻ 1-Ethyl-3-methylimidazolium Tricyanomethane CAS RN: 666823-18-3
E1307  5g 25g Liquid CF ₃ CO ₂ ⁻ 1-Ethyl-3-methylimidazolium Trifluoroacetate CAS RN: 174899-65-1	E1308  5g 25g Liquid CH ₃ SO ₄ ⁻ 1-Ethyl-3-methylimidazolium Methyl Sulfate CAS RN: 516474-01-4	E1309  5g 25g Liquid CH ₃ CH ₂ O ₂ P(=O)(OCH ₂ CH ₃) ⁻ 1-Ethyl-3-methylimidazolium Diethyl Phosphate CAS RN: 848641-69-0	H1097  5g 25g Liquid Cl ⁻ 1-Hexyl-3-methylimidazolium Chloride CAS RN: 171058-17-6	H1098  5g 25g Liquid PF ₆ ⁻ 1-Hexyl-3-methylimidazolium Hexafluorophosphate CAS RN: 304680-35-1
H1099  5g 25g Liquid BF ₄ ⁻ 1-Hexyl-3-methylimidazolium Tetrafluoroborate CAS RN: 244193-50-8	H1100  5g Liquid CF ₃ SO ₃ ⁻ 1-Hexyl-3-methylimidazolium Triflate CAS RN: 460345-16-8	H1227  5g 25g Liquid Br ⁻ 1-Hexyl-3-methylimidazolium Bromide CAS RN: 85100-78-3	H1254  5g 25g mp 83 °C Cl ⁻ 1-(2-Hydroxyethyl)-3-methylimidazolium Chloride CAS RN: 61755-34-8	H1670  5g 25g Liquid (CF ₃ SO ₂) ₂ N ⁻ 1-(2-Hydroxyethyl)-3-methylimidazolium Bis(trifluoromethanesulfonyl)imide CAS RN: 174899-86-6
H1286  5g Solid I ⁻ 1-Hexyl-2,3-dimethylimidazolium Iodide CAS RN: 288627-94-1	H1423  5g 25g Liquid (CF ₃ SO ₂) ₂ N ⁻ 1-Hexyl-3-methylimidazolium Bis(trifluoromethanesulfonyl)imide CAS RN: 382150-50-7	H1492  5g 25g Liquid BF ₄ ⁻ 1-(2-Hydroxyethyl)-3-methylimidazolium Tetrafluoroborate CAS RN: 374564-83-7	H1633  5g 25g Liquid I ⁻ 1-Hexyl-3-methylimidazolium Iodide CAS RN: 178631-05-5	M1440  5g 25g Liquid I ⁻ 1-Methyl-3-propylimidazolium Iodide CAS RN: 119171-18-5
M1904  5g 25g Liquid Br ⁻ 1-Methyl-3-n-octylimidazolium Bromide CAS RN: 61545-99-1	M2062  5g 25g Liquid Cl ⁻ 1-Methyl-3-n-octylimidazolium Chloride CAS RN: 64697-40-1	M2063  5g 25g Liquid PF ₆ ⁻ 1-Methyl-3-n-octylimidazolium Hexafluorophosphate CAS RN: 304680-36-2	M2440  5g 25g Liquid CF ₃ SO ₃ ⁻ 1-Methyl-3-n-octylimidazolium Triflate CAS RN: 403842-84-2	M2732  5g 25g Liquid BF ₄ ⁻ 1-Methyl-3-n-octylimidazolium Tetrafluoroborate CAS RN: 244193-52-0

M3034	5g 25g	M3035	5g 25g	M3036	5g 25g	M3037	5g 25g	M3039	5g 25g
 1-Methyl-3-propylimidazolium Bromide CAS RN: 85100-76-1	Liquid	 1-Methyl-3-propylimidazolium Chloride CAS RN: 79917-89-8	mp 64 °C	 1-Methyl-3-propylimidazolium Tetrafluoroborate CAS RN: 244193-48-4	Liquid	 1-Methyl-3-pentylimidazolium Bromide CAS RN: 343851-31-0	Liquid	 1-Methyl-3-n-octylimidazolium Bis(trifluoromethanesulfonyl)imide CAS RN: 178631-04-4	Liquid
M3059	5g 25g	M3119	1g 5g	M3120	5g 25g	B5543	5g 25g	B5725	5g 25g
 1-Methyl-3-propylimidazolium Bis(trifluoromethanesulfonyl)imide CAS RN: 216299-72-8	Liquid	 1-Methyl-3-(4-sulfonybutyl)- imidazolium Bis(trifluoromethane- sulfonyl)imide CAS RN: 909390-59-6	Liquid	 1-Methyl-3-(4-sulfonybutyl)- imidazolium Hydrogen Sulfate CAS RN: 827320-59-2	Liquid	 1-Benzyl-3-methyl- imidazolium Chloride CAS RN: 36443-80-8	mp 80 °C	 1-Benzyl- 3-methyliimidazolium Tetrafluoroborate CAS RN: 500996-04-3	mp 62 °C
B5726	5g 25g	A2765	5g 25g	B5103	5g 25g	B5582	5g 25g	B6344	5g 25g
 1-Benzyl- 3-methyliimidazolium Hexafluorophosphate CAS RN: 43337-11-2	mp 132 °C	 AMIMBr CAS RN: 31410-07-8	mp 56 °C	 BMIMNO ₃ CAS RN: 179075-88-8	mp 30 °C	 BMIMAc CAS RN: 284049-75-8	Liquid	 1-Butyl-3-methyliimidazolium Tosylate CAS RN: 410522-18-8	mp 63 °C
B6428	5g 25g	D5352	5g 25g	E1452	5g 25g	E1520	5g 25g	H1632	5g 25g
 3-Butyl-1-vinylimidazolium Bromide CAS RN: 34311-90-5	mp 83 °C	 1-Dodecyl-3-methyl-1H- imidazol-3-ium Chloride CAS RN: 114569-84-5	mp 48 °C	 EMIMFSI CAS RN: 235789-75-0	Liquid	 1-Ethyl-3-methyliimidazolium Dimethyl Phosphate CAS RN: 945611-27-8	Solid	 1-Hexadecyl-3- methyliimidazolium Chloride CAS RN: 61546-01-8	Solid
H1801	25g	M3211	5g 25g	M3446	1g 5g	V0183	5g 25g		
 1-Hexadecyl-3- methyliimidazolium Bromide CAS RN: 132361-22-9	Solid	 1-Methylimidazolium Hexafluorophosphate CAS RN: 57367-08-5	Solid	 1-Methyl-3-[3- (trimethoxysilyl)-propyl]- 1H-imidazol-3-ium Chloride CAS RN: 856925-70-7	Liquid	 3-Ethyl-1-vinyl-1H- imidazol-3-ium Bromide CAS RN: 34311-88-1	Solid		

Morpholinium Salts

Phosphonium Salts

O0297	25g	T1124	25g 100g 500g	T1650	25g	T2006	25g	T2007	5g 25g
 Tributyl-n-octylphosphonium Bromide CAS RN: 57702-65-5	Solid	 Tetrabutylphosphonium Bromide CAS RN: 3115-68-2	mp 104 °C	 Tetra-n-octylphosphonium Bromide CAS RN: 23906-97-0	mp 42 °C	 Tetrabutylphosphonium Tetrafluoroborate CAS RN: 1813-60-1	mp 95 °C	 Tetrabutylphosphonium Hexafluorophosphate CAS RN: 111928-21-3	mp 217 °C

T3946	25g 100g	Liquid	<chem>CC(C)(C)[P+]((C)C)S(=O)(=O)OC(C)C</chem>	T2564	5g 25g	Liquid	<chem>CC(C)(C)[P+]((C)C)S(=O)(=O)OC(C)C</chem>	T2680	5g	Liquid	<chem>CC(C)(C)[P+]((C)C)S(=O)(=O)OC(C)C</chem>	T3534	5g 25g	Liquid	<chem>CC(C)(C)[P+]((C)C)S(=O)(=O)OC(C)C</chem>	T3623	5g 25g	Liquid	<chem>CC(C)(C)[P+]((C)C)S(=O)(=O)OC(C)C</chem>
Tetrabutylphosphonium O,O-Diethyl Phosphorodithioate	CAS RN: 96131-57-6			Tributyl(2-methoxyethyl)- phosphonium Bis(trifluoromethane- sulfonyl)imide	CAS RN: 959698-44-3			Tributylmethylphosphonium Bis(trifluoromethanesulfonyl)- imide	CAS RN: 324575-10-2			Trihexyl(tetradecyl)- phosphonium Dicyanamide	CAS RN: 701921-71-3			Trihexyl(tetradecyl)- phosphonium Chloride	CAS RN: 258864-54-9		
T3641	5g 25g	Liquid	<chem>CC(C)(C)[P+]((C)C)S(=O)(=O)OC(C)C</chem>	T3945	25g 100g	mp 17 °C	<chem>CC(C)(C)[P+]((C)C)S(=O)(=O)OC(C)C</chem>	T4093	5g 25g	Liquid	<chem>CC(C)(C)[P+]((C)C)S(=O)(=O)OC(C)C</chem>								
Tributyl(ethyl)phosphonium Diethyl Phosphate	CAS RN: 20445-94-7			Tributyl(methyl)phosphonium Dimethyl Phosphate	CAS RN: 20445-88-9			Tributyl(tetradecyl)phosphonium Bis(trifluoromethylsulfonyl)imide	CAS RN: 460092-03-9										

Piperidinium Salts

M2981	1g	Liquid	<chem>CC(C)(C)N+(CH3)C1CCCC1</chem>	M3488	5g 25g	Liquid	<chem>CC(C)(C)N+(CH3)C1CCCC1[SO2]([CF3])=O[N+]([CF3])=O</chem>	B3424	5g 25g	mp 230 °C	<chem>CC(C)(C)N+(CH3)C1CCCC1Br</chem>	B4844	5g 25g	Liquid	<chem>CC(C)(C)N+(CH3)C1CCCC1[SO2]([CF3])2N-</chem>	M1976	5g 25g	Solid	<chem>CC(C)(C)N+(CH3)C1CCCC1CH2CH2CH3Br</chem>
1-Methyl-1-propylpiperidinium Bis(fluorosulfonyl)imide	CAS RN: 911303-46-3			1-Methyl-1-propylpiperidinium Bis(trifluoromethanesulfonyl)- imide	CAS RN: 608140-12-1			1-Butyl-1-methylpiperidinium Bromide	CAS RN: 94280-72-5			1-Butyl-1-methylpiperidinium Bis(trifluoromethanesulfonyl)- imide	CAS RN: 623580-02-9			1-Methyl-1-propylpiperidinium Bromide	CAS RN: 88840-42-0		

Pyridinium Salts

B1743	5g 25g	mp 104 °C	<chem>CC(C)(C)C1=CC=C1</chem>	B2196	5g 25g	mp 75 °C	<chem>CC(C)(C)C1=CC=C1PF6-</chem>	B3195	5g 25g	mp 196 °C	<chem>CC(C)(C)C1=CC=N1PF6-</chem>	M3199	5g	mp 45 °C	<chem>CC(C)(C)C1=CC=N1[CF3]2SO2N-</chem>	B1329	10g 25g	mp 132 °C	<chem>CC(C)(C)C1=CC=N1CH3Cl</chem>
1-Butylpyridinium Bromide	CAS RN: 874-80-6			1-Butylpyridinium Hexafluorophosphate	CAS RN: 186088-50-6			1-Methylpyridinium Hexafluorophosphate	CAS RN: 117029-34-2			1-Methylpyridinium Bis(trifluoromethanesulfonyl)imide	CAS RN: 742086-10-8			1-Butylpyridinium Chloride	CAS RN: 1124-64-7		
B3232	5g 25g	Liquid	<chem>CC(C)(C)C1=CC=C1</chem>	B3425	1g 5g	Solid	<chem>CC(C)(C)C1=CC=C1CH3Cl</chem>	B2700	5g 25g	mp 137 °C	<chem>CC(C)(C)C1=CC=C1CH3Br</chem>	B2701	5g 25g	mp 42 °C	<chem>CC(C)(C)C1=CC=C1CH3PF6-</chem>	B3104	5g 25g	Solid	<chem>CC(C)(C)C1=CC=C1CH3Br</chem>
1-Butylpyridinium Tetrafluoroborate	CAS RN: 203389-28-0			1-Butyl-3-methylpyridinium Chloride	CAS RN: 125652-55-3			1-Butyl-4-methylpyridinium Bromide	CAS RN: 65350-59-6			1-Butyl-4-methylpyridinium Hexafluorophosphate	CAS RN: 401788-99-6			1-Butyl-3-methylpyridinium Bromide	CAS RN: 26576-85-2		
B5763	1g 5g	Liquid	<chem>CC(C)(C)C1=CC=C1</chem>	E0171	25g	mp 120 °C	<chem>CC(C)(C)C1=CC=C1Br</chem>	B3426	5g 25g	mp 160 °C	<chem>CC(C)(C)C1=CC=C1CH3Cl</chem>	B5570	5g 25g	Liquid	<chem>CC(C)(C)C1=CC=C1CH3BF4-</chem>	B5571	5g 25g	Liquid	<chem>CC(C)(C)C1=CC=C1CH3[SO2]([CF3])2N-</chem>
1-Butyl-4-methylpyridinium Bis(trifluoromethanesulfonyl)imide	CAS RN: 475681-62-0			1-Ethylpyridinium Bromide	CAS RN: 1906-79-2			1-Butyl-4-methylpyridinium Chloride	CAS RN: 112400-86-9			1-Butyl-4-methylpyridinium Tetrafluoroborate	CAS RN: 343952-33-0			1-Butylpyridinium Bis(trifluoromethanesulfonyl)imide	CAS RN: 187863-42-9		
E0544	5g 25g	Solid	<chem>CC(C)(C)C1=CC=C1</chem>	E0681	5g 25g	Liquid	<chem>CC(C)(C)C1=CC=C1CH3OSO3-</chem>	E0682	5g	Liquid	<chem>CC(C)(C)C1=CC=C1CH2OHCH3OSO3-</chem>								
1-Ethyl-4-methylpyridinium Bis(trifluoromethanesulfonyl)imide	CAS RN: 475681-62-0			1-Ethylpyridinium Chloride	CAS RN: 2294-38-4			1-Ethylpyridinium Ethyl Sulfate	CAS RN: 872672-50-9			1-Ethyl-3-(hydroxymethyl)- pyridinium Ethyl Sulfate	CAS RN: 1064704-03-5						

E0756	5g	Liquid		(CF ₃ SO ₂) ₂ N ⁻
1-Ethyl-3-methylpyridinium Bis(trifluoromethanesulfonyl)imide	CAS RN: 841251-37-4			
E1240	1g 5g	mp 95 °C		Br ⁻
1-Ethyl-2-methylpyridinium Bromide	CAS RN: 32353-50-7			
E1272	5g 25g	mp 129 °C		Br ⁻
1-Ethyl-4-methylpyridinium Bromide	CAS RN: 32353-49-4			
H1424	5g 25g	mp 48 °C		PF ₆ ⁻
1-Hexylpyridinium Hexafluorophosphate	CAS RN: 797789-00-5			
P1393	5g	Solid		Cl ⁻
1-Propylpyridinium Chloride	CAS RN: 23271-47-8			

Pyrrolidinium Salts

B3427	5g 25g	Solid		Br ⁻
1-Butyl-1-methylpyrrolidinium Bromide	CAS RN: 93457-69-3			
B5398	5g	Liquid		(FSO ₂) ₂ N ⁻
1-Butyl-1-methylpyrrolidinium Bis(fluorosulfonyl)imide	CAS RN: 1057745-51-3			
B5453	5g 25g	Liquid		(NC) ₂ N ⁻
1-Butyl-1-methylpyrrolidinium Dicyanamide	CAS RN: 370865-80-8			
B5568	5g 25g	Liquid		CF ₃ SO ₃ ⁻
1-Butyl-1-methylpyrrolidinium Triflate	CAS RN: 367522-96-1			
E0977	5g 25g	Solid		BF ₄ ⁻
1-Ethyl-1-methylpyrrolidinium Tetrafluoroborate	CAS RN: 117947-85-0			
E1050	5g 25g	Solid		Br ⁻
1-Ethyl-1-methylpyrrolidinium Bromide	CAS RN: 69227-51-6			
M2098	5g 25g	Liquid		(CF ₃ SO ₂) ₂ N ⁻
1-Methyl-1-propylpyrrolidinium Bis(trifluoromethanesulfonyl)imide	CAS RN: 223437-05-6			
M2980	5g	Liquid		(FSO ₂) ₂ N ⁻
1-Methyl-1-propylpyrrolidinium Bis(fluorosulfonyl)imide	CAS RN: 852620-97-4			
M2998	1g 5g	Liquid		(FSO ₂) ₂ N ⁻
1-(2-Methoxyethyl)-1-methylpyrrolidinium Bis(fluorosulfonyl)imide	CAS RN: 1235234-47-5			
B6039	5g 25g	mp 86 °C		PF ₆ ⁻
1-Butyl-1-methylpyrrolidinium Hexafluorophosphate	CAS RN: 330671-29-9			
M3117	5g 25g	mp -12 °C		(CF ₃ SO ₂) ₂ N ⁻
1-Methyl-1-n-octylpyrrolidinium Bis(trifluoromethanesulfonyl)imide	CAS RN: 927021-43-0			
M3118	1g 5g	mp 8 °C		(CF ₃ SO ₂) ₂ N ⁻
1-Methyl-1-pentylpyrrolidinium Bis(trifluoromethanesulfonyl)imide	CAS RN: 380497-17-6			
B6277	5g 25g	mp 152 °C		BF ₄ ⁻
1-Butyl-1-methylpyrrolidinium Tetrafluoroborate	CAS RN: 345984-11-4			
E1498	5g 25g	mp 88 °C		F ₃ C-S(=O)(=O)-N=C(F ₃ C-S(=O)(=O)) ₂
1-Ethyl-1-methylpyrrolidinium Bis[(trifluoromethyl)sulfonyl]azanide	CAS RN: 223436-99-5			
H1824	5g 25g	Liquid		F ₃ C-S(=O)(=O)-N=C(F ₃ C-S(=O)(=O)) ₂
1-Hexyl-1-methylpyrrolidinium Bis[(trifluoromethyl)sulfonyl]azanide	CAS RN: 380497-19-8			

Sulfonium Salts

M3496	5g 25g	Solid		Br ⁻
1-Methyl-1-propylsulfonium Bromide	CAS RN: 608140-09-6			
M3499	1g 5g	Solid		Cl ⁻
1-Methyl-1-octylsulfonium Chloride	CAS RN: 909398-60-3			
T1056	25g 500g	Solid		I ⁻
Trimethylsulfonium Iodide	CAS RN: 2181-42-2			
T1564	1g	mp 93 °C		I ⁻
Tributylsulfonium Iodide	CAS RN: 18146-62-8			
T2314	5g	Liquid		(CF ₃ SO ₂) ₂ N ⁻
Triethylsulfonium Bis(trifluoromethanesulfonyl)imide	CAS RN: 321746-49-0			

The melting points are shown as the reference value. These are not specification value.
The salts that form liquid or solid state at room temperature are given the description "liquid" or "solid".

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