

## CD14 (C-2386)

Type	Size	Catalog number
Unconjugated	100µg	122301
	500µg	122303
FITC	25 tests	122314
	100 tests	122315
	200 tests	122316

<b>Antigen:</b>	CD14
<b>Immunogen:</b>	Recombinant fragment of human CD14 protein (around aa 25-148)
<b>Host/Isotype:</b>	Mouse, IgG1, κ
<b>Reactivity:</b>	Human
<b>Purity:</b>	>90% pure tested via polyacrylamide gel electrophoresis (PAGE)
<b>Formulation:</b>	PBS, pH7.2, 0.09%NaN <sub>3</sub> (unconjugated, Biotin) PBS, pH7.2, 0.09% NaN <sub>3</sub> and 0.2% (w/v) BSA (conjugated)
<b>Storage:</b>	Store at 2-8°C and protected from prolonged exposure to light. <b>Do not freeze.</b>
<b>Applications:</b>	Flow Cytometry

### Application Information

Each lot of these antibodies has been pre-titrated and tested by flow cytometric analysis of human PBMCs such that 0.5µg (unconjugated, Biotin) or 5µl (conjugated) of these products are sufficient for staining 1 million cells in a 100µl staining volume or 100µl of whole blood. It is recommended to titrate antibody reactivity empirically for optimal performance.

### Antigen Information

The clone C-2386, a mouse monoclonal antibody reacts with a human 53-55 kDa glycosylphosphatidylinositol (GPI)-anchored single chain cell surface antigen known as CD14. The CD14 expression is commonly observed on monocytes, interfollicular macrophages, reticular dendritic cells and some Langerhans cells. C-2386 binds with a complex of LPS and lipopolysaccharide binding protein, and blockade of CD14 with monoclonal antibodies prevented the synthesis of TNF-alpha by LPS activated leukocytes.

### References

1. Antal-Szalmas P, et al. 1997. *Leukoc Biol.* 61:721.
2. Antal-Szalmas P, et al. 2001. *Cytometry.* 45:115.
3. Bate C, et al. 2005. *J Neuroimmunol.* 170:62.
4. Detmers PA, et al. 1998. *J Immunol.* 161:1921.
5. Giambartolomei GH, et al. 1999. *Infect Immun.* 67:140.

### Terms and Conditions

This product is for research use only (RUO) and not intended for diagnostic testing.