

### SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

#### 1.1. Product identifier

Product form : Mixture  
Product name : Water Bath Treatment  
Product code : 190700

#### 1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Use of the substance/mixture : For laboratory and manufacturing use only.

#### 1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Andwin Scientific  
6636 Variel Ave  
Woodland Hills, CA 91303

#### 1.4. Emergency telephone number

Emergency number : CHEMTREC: 1-800-424-9300 or 011-703-527-3887

### SECTION 2: Hazards identification

#### 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

##### Classification (GHS-US)

Flam. Liq. 3 H226  
Acute Tox. 4 (Oral) H302  
Acute Tox. 3 (Inhalation:dust,mist) H331  
Skin Corr. 1B H314  
Eye Dam. 1 H318  
Aquatic Acute 1 H400

Full text of H-phrases: see section 16

#### 2.2. Label elements

##### GHS-US labeling

Hazard pictograms (GHS-US) :



Signal word (GHS-US) :

Danger

Hazard statements (GHS-US) :

H226 - Flammable liquid and vapor  
H302 - Harmful if swallowed  
H314 - Causes severe skin burns and eye damage  
H331 - Toxic if inhaled  
H400 - Very toxic to aquatic life

Precautionary statements (GHS-US) :

P210 - Keep away from heat, sparks, open flames, hot surfaces. - No smoking  
P240 - Ground/bond container and receiving equipment  
P241 - Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating, lighting equipment  
P242 - Use only non-sparking tools  
P243 - Take precautionary measures against static discharge  
P260 - Do not breathe mist  
P264 - Wash exposed skin thoroughly after handling  
P270 - Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product  
P271 - Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area  
P273 - Avoid release to the environment  
P280 - Wear protective gloves, protective clothing, eye protection, face protection  
P301+P330+P331 - IF SWALLOWED: rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting  
P303+P361+P353 - IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove/Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower  
P304+P340 - IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing  
P305+P351+P338 - If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing  
P310 - Immediately call a poison center/doctor  
P363 - Wash contaminated clothing before reuse

# Water Bath Treatment

## Safety Data Sheet

according to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations

P391 - Collect spillage  
P403+P233 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed  
P235 - Keep cool  
P405 - Store locked up  
P501 - Dispose of contents/container to comply with local, state and federal regulations

### 2.3. Other hazards

Other hazards not contributing to the classification : None under normal conditions.

### 2.4. Unknown acute toxicity (GHS-US)

Not applicable

## SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

### 3.1. Substance

Not applicable

### 3.2. Mixture

Name	Product identifier	%	Classification (GHS-US)
Alkyl dimethyl benzyl ammonium chloride (C12-16)	(CAS No) 68424-85-1	50	Acute Tox. 4 (Oral), H302 Acute Tox. 3 (Inhalation:dust,mist), H331 Skin Corr. 1B, H314
Water	(CAS No) 7732-18-5	39 - 44	Not classified
Ethanol	(CAS No) 64-17-5	8 - 11	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Carc. 1A, H350 Repr. 2, H361
Alkyl dimethyl amines (C12-16)	(CAS No) 68439-70-3	< 1	Acute Tox. 4 (Oral), H302 Skin Corr. 1B, H314 Eye Irrit. 2A, H319 Aquatic Acute 1, H400

Full text of H-phrases: see section 16

## SECTION 4: First aid measures

### 4.1. Description of first aid measures

First-aid measures general : Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If you feel unwell, seek medical advice (show the label where possible).

First-aid measures after inhalation : Remove to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Immediately call a poison center or doctor/physician.

First-aid measures after skin contact : Remove/Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower. Immediately call a poison center or doctor/physician.

First-aid measures after eye contact : Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a poison center or doctor/physician.

First-aid measures after ingestion : Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. Immediately call a poison center or doctor/physician.

### 4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Symptoms/injuries : Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

Symptoms/injuries after inhalation : Toxic if inhaled. Danger of serious damage to health by prolonged exposure through inhalation.

Symptoms/injuries after skin contact : Burns.

Symptoms/injuries after eye contact : Causes serious eye damage.

Symptoms/injuries after ingestion : Swallowing a small quantity of this material will result in serious health hazard.

### 4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Doctor: gastric lavage is not recommended.

## SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

### 5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media : Foam. Dry chemical powder. Carbon dioxide. Sand. Water fog.

Unsuitable extinguishing media : Do not use a heavy water stream.

### 5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Fire hazard : Flammable liquid and vapor.

Explosion hazard : May form flammable/explosive vapor-air mixture. Vapors are heavier than air and may travel considerable distance to an ignition source and flash back to source of vapors.

Reactivity : Thermal decomposition generates : Corrosive vapors.

# Water Bath Treatment

## Safety Data Sheet

according to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations

### 5.3. Advice for firefighters

- Firefighting instructions : Use water spray or fog for cooling exposed containers. Exercise caution when fighting any chemical fire. Prevent fire-fighting water from entering environment.
- Protection during firefighting : Do not enter fire area without proper protective equipment, including respiratory protection.

## SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

### 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

- General measures : Remove ignition sources. Use special care to avoid static electric charges. No naked lights. No smoking.

#### 6.1.1. For non-emergency personnel

- Protective equipment : Protective goggles. Protective clothing. Gloves. Face-shield.
- Emergency procedures : Evacuate unnecessary personnel.

#### 6.1.2. For emergency responders

- Protective equipment : Equip cleanup crew with proper protection.
- Emergency procedures : Ventilate area.

### 6.2. Environmental precautions

Prevent entry to sewers and public waters. Notify authorities if liquid enters sewers or public waters. Avoid release to the environment.

### 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

- For containment : Take up liquid spill into inert absorbent material. Take account of toxic/corrosive precipitation water.
- Methods for cleaning up : Soak up spills with inert solids, such as clay or diatomaceous earth as soon as possible. Collect spillage. Store away from other materials. Wash down leftovers with plenty of water.

### 6.4. Reference to other sections

See Heading 8. Exposure controls and personal protection.

## SECTION 7: Handling and storage

### 7.1. Precautions for safe handling

- Additional hazards when processed : Handle empty containers with care because residual vapors are flammable.
- Precautions for safe handling : Wash hands and other exposed areas with mild soap and water before eating, drinking or smoking and when leaving work. Provide good ventilation in process area to prevent formation of vapor. No naked lights. No smoking. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Use only non-sparking tools. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Do not breathe mist.
- Hygiene measures : Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash exposed skin thoroughly after handling. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

### 7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

- Technical measures : Proper grounding procedures to avoid static electricity should be followed. Ground/bond container and receiving equipment. Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting/... equipment. Comply with applicable regulations.
- Storage conditions : Keep only in the original container in a cool, well ventilated place away from : Keep container tightly closed.
- Incompatible products : Strong oxidizers. anionic surfactants.
- Incompatible materials : Sources of ignition. Direct sunlight. Heat sources.
- Storage temperature : 10 - 49 °C

### 7.3. Specific end use(s)

No additional information available

## SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

### 8.1. Control parameters

Water Bath Treatment	
ACGIH	Not applicable
OSHA	Not applicable
Alkyl dimethyl benzyl ammonium chloride (C12-16) (68424-85-1)	
ACGIH	Not applicable

# Water Bath Treatment

## Safety Data Sheet

according to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations

Alkyl dimethyl benzyl ammonium chloride (C12-16) (68424-85-1)		
OSHA	Not applicable	
Water (7732-18-5)		
ACGIH	Not applicable	
OSHA	Not applicable	
Ethanol (64-17-5)		
ACGIH	Not applicable	
OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m³)	1900 mg/m³
OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (ppm)	1000 ppm
Alkyl dimethyl amines (C12-16) (68439-70-3)		
ACGIH	Not applicable	
OSHA	Not applicable	

### 8.2. Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls	: Emergency eye wash fountains and safety showers should be available in the immediate vicinity of any potential exposure. Ensure adequate ventilation.
Personal protective equipment	: Avoid all unnecessary exposure.
Hand protection	: Wear protective gloves.
Eye protection	: Chemical goggles or face shield.
Skin and body protection	: Wear suitable protective clothing.
Respiratory protection	: Wear appropriate mask.
Other information	: Do not eat, drink or smoke during use.

## SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

### 9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state	: Liquid
Appearance	: Liquid.
Color	: light yellow
Odor	: mild
Odor threshold	: No data available
pH	: 7.5 - 8.5 10% solution
Relative evaporation rate (butyl acetate=1)	: No data available
Melting point	: No data available
Freezing point	: No data available
Boiling point	: No data available
Flash point	: 41.1 °C
Auto-ignition temperature	: No data available
Decomposition temperature	: No data available
Flammability (solid, gas)	: No data available
Vapor pressure	: No data available
Relative vapor density at 20 °C	: No data available
Relative density	: 0.96
Solubility	: Water: Solubility in water of component(s) of the mixture : • Ethanol:
Log Pow	: No data available
Log Kow	: No data available
Viscosity, kinematic	: No data available
Viscosity, dynamic	: No data available
Explosive properties	: No data available
Oxidizing properties	: No data available

# Water Bath Treatment

## Safety Data Sheet

according to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations

Explosive limits : No data available

### 9.2. Other information

VOC content : 8 - 11 %

## SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

### 10.1. Reactivity

Thermal decomposition generates : Corrosive vapors.

### 10.2. Chemical stability

Flammable liquid and vapor. May form flammable/explosive vapor-air mixture.

### 10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Not established.

### 10.4. Conditions to avoid

Direct sunlight. Extremely high or low temperatures. Open flame. Overheating. Heat. Sparks.

### 10.5. Incompatible materials

Strong oxidizers. anionic surfactants.

### 10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Carbon monoxide. Carbon dioxide. Nitrogen oxides. Gaseous ammonia.

## SECTION 11: Toxicological information

### 11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity : Oral: Harmful if swallowed. Inhalation:dust,mist: Toxic if inhaled.

Water Bath Treatment	
LD50 oral rat	344 mg/kg
LD50 dermal rabbit	> 2000 mg/kg
LC50 inhalation rat (mg/l)	0.054 - 0.51 mg/l/4h
ATE US (oral)	344.000 mg/kg body weight
ATE US (vapors)	0.054 mg/l/4h
ATE US (dust, mist)	0.054 mg/l/4h
Alkyl dimethyl benzyl ammonium chloride (C12-16) (68424-85-1)	
LD50 oral rat	305 mg/kg
LC50 inhalation rat (mg/l)	0.054 - 0.51 mg/l/4h
ATE US (oral)	305.000 mg/kg body weight
ATE US (vapors)	0.054 mg/l/4h
ATE US (dust, mist)	0.054 mg/l/4h
Water (7732-18-5)	
LD50 oral rat	≥ 90000 mg/kg
ATE US (oral)	90000.000 mg/kg body weight
Ethanol (64-17-5)	
LD50 oral rat	10740 mg/kg (Rat; Experimental value,Rat; Experimental value)
LD50 dermal rabbit	> 16000 mg/kg (Rabbit; Literature study)
ATE US (oral)	10740.000 mg/kg body weight
Alkyl dimethyl amines (C12-16) (68439-70-3)	
LD50 oral rat	1074 mg/kg
ATE US (oral)	1074.000 mg/kg body weight

Skin corrosion/irritation : Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

pH: 7.5 - 8.5 10% solution

Serious eye damage/irritation : Causes serious eye damage.

pH: 7.5 - 8.5 10% solution

Respiratory or skin sensitization : Not classified

Germ cell mutagenicity : Not classified

Carcinogenicity : Not classified

# Water Bath Treatment

## Safety Data Sheet

according to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations

Ethanol (64-17-5)	
IARC group	1 - Carcinogenic to humans
Reproductive toxicity	: Not classified
Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)	: Not classified
Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)	: Not classified
Aspiration hazard	: Not classified
Potential Adverse human health effects and symptoms	: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. Harmful if swallowed. Toxic if inhaled.
Symptoms/injuries after inhalation	: Toxic if inhaled. Danger of serious damage to health by prolonged exposure through inhalation.
Symptoms/injuries after skin contact	: Burns.
Symptoms/injuries after eye contact	: Causes serious eye damage.
Symptoms/injuries after ingestion	: Swallowing a small quantity of this material will result in serious health hazard.

## SECTION 12: Ecological information

### 12.1. Toxicity

Ecology - water : Very toxic to aquatic life.

Water Bath Treatment	
LC50 fish 1	0.86 ppm 96 hr.
EC50 Daphnia 1	0.0058 - 0.016 mg/l 48 hr.
EC50 other aquatic organisms 1	0.063 mg/l 96 hr., Algae

Ethanol (64-17-5)	
LC50 fish 1	14200 mg/l (96 h; Pimephales promelas; Nominal concentration)
EC50 Daphnia 1	9300 mg/l (48 h; Daphnia magna)
LC50 fish 2	13000 mg/l 96 h; Salmo gairdneri (Oncorhynchus mykiss)
EC50 Daphnia 2	10800 mg/l (24 h; Daphnia magna)
Threshold limit other aquatic organisms 1	65 mg/l (72 h; Protozoa)
Threshold limit algae 1	1450 mg/l (192 h; Microcystis aeruginosa; Growth rate)
Threshold limit algae 2	5000 mg/l (168 h; Scenedesmus quadricauda; Growth rate)

Alkyl dimethyl amines (C12-16) (68439-70-3)	
LC50 fish 1	0.1 - 1 mg/l 96 h, Zebra fish
EC50 Daphnia 1	< 1 mg/l Daphnia magna
EC50 other aquatic organisms 1	< 1 mg/l Desmodemus subspicatus

### 12.2. Persistence and degradability

Water Bath Treatment	
Persistence and degradability	Readily biodegradable in water.

Water (7732-18-5)	
Persistence and degradability	Not established.

Ethanol (64-17-5)	
Persistence and degradability	Readily biodegradable in water. Biodegradable in the soil. No test data on mobility of the substance available.
Biochemical oxygen demand (BOD)	0.8 - 0.967 g O <sub>2</sub> /g substance
Chemical oxygen demand (COD)	1.70 g O <sub>2</sub> /g substance
ThOD	2.10 g O <sub>2</sub> /g substance
BOD (% of ThOD)	0.43 % ThOD

### 12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Water Bath Treatment	
Bioaccumulative potential	No bioaccumulation data available.

# Water Bath Treatment

## Safety Data Sheet

according to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations

Water (7732-18-5)	
Bioaccumulative potential	Not established.
Ethanol (64-17-5)	
Log Pow	-0.31 (Experimental value)
Bioaccumulative potential	Low potential for bioaccumulation (Log Kow < 4).
Alkyl dimethyl amines (C12-16) (68439-70-3)	
Log Pow	5.47

### 12.4. Mobility in soil

Ethanol (64-17-5)	
Surface tension	0.022 N/m (20 °C)

### 12.5. Other adverse effects

Effect on ozone layer	: None known
Effect on the global warming	: No known ecological damage caused by this product.
Other information	: Avoid release to the environment.

## SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

### 13.1. Waste treatment methods

Waste disposal recommendations	: Dispose in a safe manner in accordance with local/national regulations. Dispose of contents/container to comply with local, state and federal regulations. Release contains pesticides, creates human health and environmental hazard, may contaminate water supplies.
Additional information	: Handle empty containers with care because residual vapors are flammable.
Ecology - waste materials	: Avoid release to the environment. Hazardous waste due to toxicity.

## SECTION 14: Transport information

In accordance with DOT	
Transport document description	: UN2920 Corrosive liquids, flammable, n.o.s. (Quaternary ammonium chloride, ethanol), 8, II
UN-No.(DOT)	: UN2920
Proper Shipping Name (DOT)	: Corrosive liquids, flammable, n.o.s.
Department of Transportation (DOT) Hazard Classes	: 8 - Class 8 - Corrosive material 49 CFR 173.136
Hazard labels (DOT)	: 8 - Corrosive 3 - Flammable liquid



DOT Symbols	: G - Identifies PSN requiring a technical name
Packing group (DOT)	: II - Medium Danger
DOT Special Provisions (49 CFR 172.102)	: B2 - MC 300, MC 301, MC 302, MC 303, MC 305, and MC 306 and DOT 406 cargo tanks are not authorized. IB2 - Authorized IBCs: Metal (31A, 31B and 31N); Rigid plastics (31H1 and 31H2); Composite (31HZ1). Additional Requirement: Only liquids with a vapor pressure less than or equal to 110 kPa at 50 C (1.1 bar at 122 F), or 130 kPa at 55 C (1.3 bar at 131 F) are authorized. T11 - 6 178.274(d)(2) Normal..... 178.275(d)(3) TP2 - a. The maximum degree of filling must not exceed the degree of filling determined by the following: (image) Where: tr is the maximum mean bulk temperature during transport, tf is the temperature in degrees celsius of the liquid during filling, and a is the mean coefficient of cubical expansion of the liquid between the mean temperature of the liquid during filling (tf) and the maximum mean bulk temperature during transportation (tr) both in degrees celsius. b. For liquids transported under ambient conditions may be calculated using the formula: (image) Where: d15 and d50 are the densities (in units of mass per unit volume) of the liquid at 15 C (59 F) and 50 C (122 F), respectively. TP27 - A portable tank having a minimum test pressure of 4 bar (400 kPa) may be used provided the calculated test pressure is 4 bar or less based on the MAWP of the hazardous material, as defined in 178.275 of this subchapter, where the test pressure is 1.5 times the MAWP.

# Water Bath Treatment

## Safety Data Sheet

according to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations

DOT Packaging Exceptions (49 CFR 173.xxx)	: None
DOT Packaging Non Bulk (49 CFR 173.xxx)	: 202
DOT Packaging Bulk (49 CFR 173.xxx)	: 243
DOT Quantity Limitations Passenger aircraft/rail (49 CFR 173.27)	: 1 L
DOT Quantity Limitations Cargo aircraft only (49 CFR 175.75)	: 30 L
DOT Vessel Stowage Location	: C - The material must be stowed "on deck only" on a cargo vessel and on a passenger vessel.
DOT Vessel Stowage Other	: 25 - Shade from radiant heat, 40 - Stow "clear of living quarters"

### Additional information

Other information : No supplementary information available.

### ADR

No additional information available

### Transport by sea

No additional information available

### Air transport

No additional information available

## SECTION 15: Regulatory information

### 15.1. US Federal regulations

Water Bath Treatment	
SARA Section 311/312 Hazard Classes	Immediate (acute) health hazard Fire hazard

All components of this product are listed, or excluded from listing, on the United States Environmental Protection Agency Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) inventory

This product or mixture does not contain a toxic chemical or chemicals in excess of the applicable de minimis concentration as specified in 40 CFR §372.38(a) subject to the reporting requirements of section 313 of Title III of the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 and 40 CFR Part 372.

Alkyl dimethyl amines (C12-16) (68439-70-3)	
SARA Section 311/312 Hazard Classes	Immediate (acute) health hazard Delayed (chronic) health hazard

### 15.2. International regulations

#### CANADA

Water Bath Treatment	
WHMIS Classification	Class B Division 3 - Combustible Liquid Class D Division 1 Subdivision B - Toxic material causing immediate and serious toxic effects Class E - Corrosive Material

Alkyl dimethyl benzyl ammonium chloride (C12-16) (68424-85-1)	
Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)	

Water (7732-18-5)	
Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)	
WHMIS Classification	Uncontrolled product according to WHMIS classification criteria

Alkyl dimethyl amines (C12-16) (68439-70-3)	
Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)	

### EU-Regulations

No additional information available

### Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]

### Classification according to Directive 67/548/EEC [DSD] or 1999/45/EC [DPD]

Not classified

### 15.2.2. National regulations



# Water Bath Treatment

## Safety Data Sheet

according to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations

### Alkyl dimethyl benzyl ammonium chloride (C12-16) (68424-85-1)

Not listed on the Canadian IDL (Ingredient Disclosure List)

### Water (7732-18-5)

Not listed on the Canadian IDL (Ingredient Disclosure List)

### Ethanol (64-17-5)

Listed on IARC (International Agency for Research on Cancer)

### Alkyl dimethyl amines (C12-16) (68439-70-3)

Not listed on the Canadian IDL (Ingredient Disclosure List)

### 15.3. US State regulations

California Proposition 65 - This product does not contain any substances known to the state of California to cause cancer and/or reproductive harm

## SECTION 16: Other information

Other information : None.

Full text of H-phrases: see section 16:

Acute Tox. 3 (Inhalation:dust,mist)	Acute toxicity (inhalation:dust,mist) Category 3
Acute Tox. 4 (Oral)	Acute toxicity (oral) Category 4
Aquatic Acute 1	Hazardous to the aquatic environment - Acute Hazard Category 1
Carc. 1A	Carcinogenicity Category 1A
Eye Dam. 1	Serious eye damage/eye irritation Category 1
Eye Irrit. 2A	Serious eye damage/eye irritation Category 2A
Flam. Liq. 2	Flammable liquids Category 2
Flam. Liq. 3	Flammable liquids Category 3
Repr. 2	Reproductive toxicity Category 2
Skin Corr. 1B	Skin corrosion/irritation Category 1B
H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapor
H226	Flammable liquid and vapor
H302	Harmful if swallowed
H314	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage
H318	Causes serious eye damage
H319	Causes serious eye irritation
H331	Toxic if inhaled
H350	May cause cancer
H361	Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child
H400	Very toxic to aquatic life

NFPA health hazard

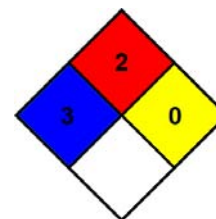
: 3 - Short exposure could cause serious temporary or residual injury even though prompt medical attention was given.

NFPA fire hazard

: 2 - Must be moderately heated or exposed to relatively high temperature before ignition can occur.

NFPA reactivity

: 0 - Normally stable, even under fire exposure conditions, and are not reactive with water.



HMIS III Rating

Health : 3 Serious Hazard - Major injury likely unless prompt action is taken and medical treatment is given

Flammability : 2 Moderate Hazard

Physical : 0 Minimal Hazard

Personal Protection : X

SDS US (GHS HazCom 2012)

*This information is based on our current knowledge and is intended to describe the product for the purposes of health, safety and environmental requirements only. It should not therefore be construed as guaranteeing any specific property of the product*