

SAFETY DATA SHEET

1. Identification

Product identifier PHENYLACETYLENE, 98+%

Other means of identification

Product code 3279 CAS number 536-74-3

Synonyms ETHYNYLBENZENE

Recommended use professional, scientific and technical activities: other professional, scientific and technical activities

Recommended restrictions None known.

Manufacturer/Importer/Supplier/Distributor information

Manufacturer

Company nameGFS Chemicals, Inc.Address800 Kaderly DriveColumbus, OH 43228

United States

Telephone Phone 740-881-5501

Toll Free 800-858-9682 Fax 740-881-5989

Websitewww.gfschemicals.comE-mailservice@gfschemicals.com

Emergency phone Emergency Assistance

number

2. Hazard(s) identification

Physical hazardsFlammable liquidsCategory 3Health hazardsSkin corrosion/irritationCategory 2Serious eye damage/eye irritationCategory 2

Specific target organ toxicity, single exposure Category 3 respiratory tract irritation

Chemtrec 800-424-9300

Aspiration hazard Category 1

Environmental hazards Not classified.

OSHA defined hazards Not classified.

Label elements



Signal word Danger

Hazard statement Flammable liquid and vapor. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. Causes skin irritation.

Causes serious eye irritation. May cause respiratory irritation.

Precautionary statement

Prevention Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking. Keep container tightly

closed. Ground/bond container and receiving equipment. Use explosion-proof

electrical/ventilating/lighting equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Avoid breathing mist or vapor. Wash thoroughly after handling.

Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Wear protective gloves/eye protection/face

protection.

ResponseIF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician. Do NOT induce

vomiting. If on skin (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower. If inhaled: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell. If skin

irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention. If eye irritation persists: Get medical

advice/attention. Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. In case of fire: Use

appropriate media to extinguish.

Material name: PHENYLACETYLENE, 98+%

3279 Version #: 02 Revision date: December-01-2017 Issue date: May-05-2015 1 / 8

Storage Keep cool. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Store locked up. Protect

from sunlight. Store contents under inert gas.

Disposal Dispose of contents/container to an appropriate treatment and disposal facility in accordance with

applicable laws and regulations, and product characteristics at time of disposal.

Hazard(s) not otherwise classified (HNOC)

Static accumulating flammable liquid can become electrostatically charged even in bonded and grounded equipment. Sparks may ignite liquid and vapor. May cause flash fire or explosion.

Supplemental information

None.

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substances

Chemical name	Common name and synonyms	CAS number	%
PHENYLACETYLENE	ETHYNYLBENZENE	536-74-3	100

^{*}Designates that a specific chemical identity and/or percentage of composition has been withheld as a trade secret.

4. First-aid measures

Inhalation Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Call a physician

if symptoms develop or persist.

Skin contactTake off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower. If skin irritation

occurs: Get medical advice/attention. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

Eye contact Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if

present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.

Ingestion Call a physician or poison control center immediately. Rinse mouth. Do not induce vomiting. If

vomiting occurs, keep head low so that stomach content doesn't get into the lungs.

Most important

symptoms/effects, acute and

delayed

Aspiration may cause pulmonary edema and pneumonitis. Severe eye irritation. Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, and blurred vision. May cause respiratory irritation. Skin irritation. May cause redness and pain.

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Provide general supportive measures and treat symptomatically. Thermal burns: Flush with water immediately. While flushing, remove clothes which do not adhere to affected area. Call an ambulance. Continue flushing during transport to hospital. Keep victim under observation. Symptoms may be delayed.

General information

Take off all contaminated clothing immediately. If you feel unwell, seek medical advice (show the label where possible). Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, and take precautions to protect themselves. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

5. Fire-fighting measures

Suitable extinguishing media

Water fog. Foam. Carbon dioxide (CO2). Dry chemical powder, carbon dioxide, sand or earth may be used for small fires only.

Unsuitable extinguishing media

Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air. Vapors may travel considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back. This product is a poor conductor of electricity and can become electrostatically charged. If sufficient charge is accumulated, ignition of flammable mixtures can occur. To reduce potential for static discharge, use proper bonding and grounding procedures. This liquid may accumulate static electricity when filling properly grounded containers. Static electricity accumulation may be significantly increased by the presence of small quantities of water or other contaminants. Material will float and may ignite on surface of water. During fire, gases hazardous to health may be formed.

Special protective equipment and precautions for firefighters

Self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing must be worn in case of fire.

Fire fighting equipment/instructions

In case of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes. Move containers from fire area if you can do so without risk.

Specific methods
General fire hazards

Use standard firefighting procedures and consider the hazards of other involved materials.

Flammable liquid and vapor.

6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Keep unnecessary personnel away. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Wear appropriate protective equipment and clothing during clean-up. Avoid breathing mist or vapor. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing. Ventilate closed spaces before entering them. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. Transfer by mechanical means such as vacuum truck to a salvage tank or other suitable container for recovery or safe disposal. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained. For personal protection, see section 8 of the SDS.

Material name: PHENYLACETYLENE, 98+%
3279 Version #: 02 Revision date: December-01-2017 Issue date: May-05-2015 2 / 8

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

ELIMINATE all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks or flames in immediate area). Stop leak if you can do so without risk. Keep combustibles (wood, paper, oil, etc.) away from spilled material. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Use only non-sparking tools. Prevent entry into waterways, sewer, basements or confined areas. Clean up in accordance with all applicable regulations.

Large Spills: Dike the spilled material, where this is possible. Use a non-combustible material like vermiculite, sand or earth to soak up the product and place into a container for later disposal. Following product recovery, flush area with water.

Small Spills: Wipe up with absorbent material (e.g. cloth, fleece). Clean surface thoroughly to remove residual contamination.

Environmental precautions

Never return spills to original containers for re-use. For waste disposal, see section 13 of the SDS. Avoid discharge into drains, water courses or onto the ground. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Do not handle, store or open near an open flame, sources of heat or sources of ignition. Protect material from direct sunlight. When using do not smoke. Explosion-proof general and local exhaust ventilation. Minimize fire risks from flammable and combustible materials (including combustible dust and static accumulating liquids) or dangerous reactions with incompatible materials. Handling operations that can promote accumulation of static charges include but are not limited to: mixing, filtering, pumping at high flow rates, splash filling, creating mists or sprays, tank and container filling, tank cleaning, sampling, gauging, switch loading, vacuum truck operations. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. All equipment used when handling the product must be grounded. Use non-sparking tools and explosion-proof equipment. Avoid breathing mist or vapor. Avoid contact with eyes, skin, and clothing. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment. Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Observe good industrial hygiene practices.

For additional information on equipment bonding and grounding, refer to the Canadian Electrical Code in Canada, (CSA C22.1), or the American Petroleum Institute (API) Recommended Practice 2003, "Protection Against Ignitions Arising out of Static, Lightning, and Stray Currents" or National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) 77, "Recommended Practice on Static Electricity" or National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) 70, "National Electrical Code".

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store locked up. Keep away from heat, sparks and open flame. Prevent electrostatic charge build-up by using common bonding and grounding techniques. Eliminate sources of ignition. Avoid spark promoters. Ground/bond container and equipment. These alone may be insufficient to remove static electricity. Store in a cool, dry place out of direct sunlight. Store in original tightly closed container. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep in an area equipped with sprinklers. Store away from incompatible materials (see Section 10 of the SDS). Store in a refrigerator. Protect from light. Material should be stored under an inert atmosphere.

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Occupational exposure limits

Biological limit values

Appropriate engineering

controls

This substance has no PEL, TLV, or other recommended exposure limit.

No biological exposure limits noted for the ingredient(s).

Explosion-proof general and local exhaust ventilation. Good general ventilation (typically 10 air changes per hour) should be used. Ventilation rates should be matched to conditions. If applicable, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to maintain airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. If exposure limits have not been established, maintain airborne levels to an acceptable level. Provide eyewash station. Eye wash fountain and emergency showers are recommended.

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

Eye/face protection Wear safety glasses with side shields (or goggles).

Skin protection

Hand protection Wear appropriate chemical resistant gloves.

Other Wear appropriate chemical resistant clothing.

Respiratory protectionIf engineering controls do not maintain airborne concentrations below recommended exposure limits (where applicable) or to an acceptable level (in countries where exposure limits have not been established), an approved respirator must be worn. Chemical respirator with organic vapor

cartridge.

Thermal hazards Wear appropriate thermal protective clothing, when necessary.

General hygiene considerations

Material name: PHENYLACETYLENE, 98+%

When using do not smoke. Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants.

3279 Version #: 02 Revision date: December-01-2017 Issue date: May-05-2015 3 / 8

9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance Clear.
Physical state Liquid.
Form Liquid.

Color Colourless to light yellow.

Odor Hydrocarbon-like.
Odor threshold Not available.

PH Not available.

Melting point/freezing point -49 °F (-45 °C)

Initial boiling point and 289.4 °F (143 °C)

boiling range

Flash point 87.8 °F (31.0 °C)
Evaporation rate Not available.
Flammability (solid, gas) Not applicable.
Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits

Flammability limit - lower Not available.

(%)

Flammability limit -

upper (%)

Not available.

Explosive limit - lower

(%)

Not available.

Explosive limit - upper

(%)

Not available.

Vapor pressure 0.27 kPa at 25 °C

Vapor density 0.928

Relative density Not available.

Solubility(ies)

Solubility (water) 0.5 g/l Partition coefficient 2.53

(n-octanol/water)

Auto-ignition temperatureNot available.Decomposition temperatureNot available.ViscosityNot available.

Other information

Density 0.93 g/cm3 **Explosive properties** Not explosive.

Flammability class Flammable IC estimated

Flash point class Flammable IC

Molecular formula C8H6

Molecular weight102.14 g/molOxidizing propertiesNot oxidizing.

Specific gravity 0.93

10. Stability and reactivity

ReactivityThe product is stable and non-reactive under normal conditions of use, storage and transport. **Chemical stability**Stable under recommended storage conditions. Instability caused by decreased inhibitor content.

Possibility of hazardous

reactions

Hazardous polymerization does not occur.

Conditions to avoid Avoid heat, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. Exposure to light. Avoid temperatures

exceeding the flash point. Contact with incompatible materials.

Incompatible materials Oxidizing material. Acids.

Hazardous decomposition

products

Upon decomposition, this product emits carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide and/or low molecular

weight hydrocarbons.

3279 Version #: 02 Revision date: December-01-2017 Issue date: May-05-2015 4 / 8

 ${\it Material\ name:\ PHENYLACETYLENE,\ 98+\%}$

11. Toxicological information

Information on likely routes of exposure

Inhalation May cause irritation to the respiratory system.

Skin contact Causes skin irritation.

Eye contact Causes serious eye irritation.

Ingestion Droplets of the product aspirated into the lungs through ingestion or vomiting may cause a serious

chemical pneumonia.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Aspiration may cause pulmonary edema and pneumonitis. Severe eye irritation. Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, and blurred vision. May cause respiratory irritation.

Skin irritation. May cause redness and pain.

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. The toxicological properties of this material have not

been fully investigated and its handling and use may be hazardous.

Skin corrosion/irritation Causes skin irritation.

Serious eye damage/eye

Causes serious eye irritation.

irritation

Respiratory or skin sensitization

Respiratory sensitization Not a respiratory sensitizer. **Skin sensitization** May cause irritation.

Germ cell mutagenicityNo data available to indicate product or any components present at greater than 0.1% are

mutagenic or genotoxic.

Carcinogenicity Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans.

IARC Monographs. Overall Evaluation of Carcinogenicity

Not listed.

OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050)

Not regulated.

US. National Toxicology Program (NTP) Report on Carcinogens

Not listed.

Reproductive toxicityThis product is not expected to cause reproductive or developmental effects.

Specific target organ toxicity

- single exposure

May cause respiratory irritation.

Specific target organ toxicity

- repeated exposure

Not classified.

Aspiration hazard May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

12. Ecological information

Ecotoxicity The product is not classified as environmentally hazardous. However, this does not exclude the

possibility that large or frequent spills can have a harmful or damaging effect on the environment.

Persistence and degradability No data is available on the degradability of this substance.

Bioaccumulative potential

Partition coefficient n-octanol / water (log Kow)

2.53

Mobility in soil No data available.

Other adverse effectsNo other adverse environmental effects (e.g. ozone depletion, photochemical ozone creation

potential, endocrine disruption, global warming potential) are expected from this component.

13. Disposal considerations

Disposal instructionsCollect and reclaim or dispose in sealed containers at licensed waste disposal site. Dispose of

contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

Local disposal regulations Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations.

Hazardous waste codeThe waste code should be assigned in discussion between the user, the producer and the waste

disposal company.

Waste from residues /

unused products residues. This material and its con

Dispose of in accordance with local regulations. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe manner (see: Disposal

instructions).

Contaminated packaging Since emptied containers may retain product residue, follow label warnings even after container is

emptied. Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or

disposal.

Material name: PHENYLACETYLENE, 98+%

3279 Version #: 02 Revision date: December-01-2017 Issue date: May-05-2015 5 / 8

14. Transport information

DOT

UN number UN1993

UN proper shipping name Flammable liquids, n.o.s. (PHENYLACETYLENE)

Transport hazard class(es)

Class 3
Subsidiary risk Label(s) 3
Packing group III

Special precautions for

user

Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.

Special provisions B1, B52, IB3, T4, TP1, TP29 **Packaging exceptions** 150

Packaging exceptions150Packaging non bulk203Packaging bulk242

IATA

UN number UN1993

UN proper shipping name Flammable liquids, n.o.s. (PHENYLACETYLENE)

Transport hazard class(es)

Class 3
Subsidiary risk Label(s) 3
Packing group III
Environmental hazards No.

Special precautions for

Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.

user IMDG

UN number UN1993

UN proper shipping name Flammable liquids, n.o.s. (PHENYLACETYLENE)

Transport hazard class(es)

Class 3
Subsidiary risk Label(s) 3
Packing group III
Environmental hazards

Marine pollutant No.

EmS Not available.

Special precautions for Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.

ıseı

Transport in bulk according to Not established.

Annex II of MARPOL 73/78

and the IBC Code

DOT



IATA; IMDG



Material name: PHENYLACETYLENE, 98+%

3279 Version #: 02 Revision date: December-01-2017 Issue date: May-05-2015 6 / 8

15. Regulatory information

US federal regulationsThis product is a "Hazardous Chemical" as defined by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard,

29 CFR 1910.1200.

TSCA Section 12(b) Export Notification (40 CFR 707, Subpt. D)

Not regulated.

CERCLA Hazardous Substance List (40 CFR 302.4)

Not listed.

SARA 304 Emergency release notification

Not regulated.

OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050)

Not regulated.

Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA)

Hazard categories Immediate Hazard - Yes

Delayed Hazard - No Fire Hazard - Yes Pressure Hazard - No Reactivity Hazard - No

SARA 302 Extremely hazardous substance

Not listed.

SARA 311/312 Yes

Hazardous chemical

SARA 313 (TRI reporting)

Not regulated.

Other federal regulations

Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112 Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) List

Not regulated.

Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112(r) Accidental Release Prevention (40 CFR 68.130)

Not regulated.

Safe Drinking Water Act

(SDWA)

Not regulated.

Turrentem com com

US state regulationsCalifornia Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1986 (Proposition 65): This material is not known to contain any chemicals currently listed as carcinogens or reproductive toxins.

On inventory (vestor)*

International Inventories

Country(s) or region	Inventory name	On inventory (yes/no))*
Australia	Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS)	١	Yes
Canada	Domestic Substances List (DSL)		No
Canada	Non-Domestic Substances List (NDSL)	Y	Yes
China	Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China (IECSC)	Y	Yes
Europe	European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances (EINECS)	Υ	Yes
Europe	European List of Notified Chemical Substances (ELINCS)		No
Japan	Inventory of Existing and New Chemical Substances (ENCS)		No
Korea	Existing Chemicals List (ECL)		No
New Zealand	New Zealand Inventory	١	Yes
Philippines	Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS)	١	Yes
Taiwan	Taiwan Toxic Chemical Substances (TCS)	Y	Yes
United States & Puerto Rico	Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory	Y	Yes
ALA HAZ HILL IN A ALL A HI			

^{*}A "Yes" indicates that all components of this product comply with the inventory requirements administered by the governing country(s)

16. Other information, including date of preparation or last revision

Issue date May-05-2015 **Revision date** December-01-2017

Version # 02

3279 Version #: 02 Revision date: December-01-2017 Issue date: May-05-2015 7 / 8

Material name: PHENYLACETYLENE, 98+%

A "No" indicates that one or more components of the product are not listed or exempt from listing on the inventory administered by the governing country(s).

DisclaimerGFS Chemicals, Inc. cannot anticipate all conditions under which this information and its product,

or the products of other manufacturers in combination with its product, may be used. It is the user's responsibility to ensure safe conditions for handling, storage and disposal of the product, and to assume liability for loss, injury, damage or expense due to improper use. The information in the

sheet was written based on the best knowledge and experience currently available.

Revision information This document has undergone significant changes and should be reviewed in its entirety.

Material name: PHENYLACETYLENE, 98+%
3279 Version #: 02 Revision date: December-01-2017 Issue date: May-05-2015 8 / 8