

APOB Monoclonal Antibody

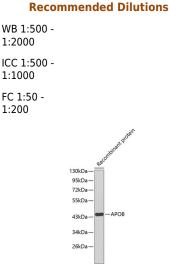
| Catalog No. | A1329 | Category | Monoclonal Antibodies |
|-----------------------|---------------------------------------|-------------------------|-----------------------|
| Applications | WB, ICC, FC | Observed MW | 45kDa |
| Cross-reactivity | Human | Calculated MW | 515kDa |
| Immunogen Information | | | Recommended D |
| Immunogen | Recombinant protein of hu | man APOB | WB 1:500 - |
| Gene ID | 338 | | 1:2000 |
| Swiss prot | P04114 | | ICC 1:500 - |
| Synonyms | APOB; FLDB; LDLCQ4; apof protein B | 3-100; apoB-48; apolipo | 1:1000 FC 1:50 - |
| | | | 1,200 |

Product information

| Source | Mouse |
|----------------------------|--|
| Isotype | lgG |
| Purification method | Affinity purification |
| Storage | Store at -20°C. Avoid freeze / thaw cycles. Buffer: PBS with 0.02% sodium azide, 50% glycerol, pH7.3. |

Background

This gene product is the main apolipoprotein of chylomicrons and low density lipoproteins. It occurs in plasma as two main isoforms, apoB-48 and apoB-100: the former is synthesized exclusively in the gut and the latter in the liver. The intestinal and the hepatic forms of apoB are encoded by a single gene from a single, very long mRNA. The two isoforms share a common N-terminal sequence. The shorter apoB-48 protein is produced after RNA editing of the apoB-100 transcript at residue 2180 (CAA->UAA), resulting in the creation of a stop codon, and early translation termination. Mutations in this gene or its regulatory region cause hypobetalipoproteinemia, normotriglyceridemic hypobetalipoproteinemia, and hypercholesterolemia due to ligand-defective apoB, diseases affecting plasma cholesterol and apoB levels.



Western blot - APOB Monoclonal Antibody (A1329)