

## **APOB Monoclonal Antibody**

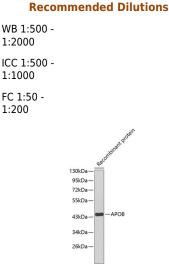
| Catalog No.           | A1329                                 | Category                | Monoclonal Antibodies |
|-----------------------|---------------------------------------|-------------------------|-----------------------|
| Applications          | WB, ICC, FC                           | Observed MW             | 45kDa                 |
| Cross-reactivity      | Human                                 | Calculated MW           | 515kDa                |
| Immunogen Information |                                       |                         | Recommended D         |
| Immunogen             | Recombinant protein of hu             | man APOB                | WB 1:500 -            |
| Gene ID               | 338                                   |                         | 1:2000                |
| Swiss prot            | P04114                                |                         | ICC 1:500 -           |
| Synonyms              | APOB; FLDB; LDLCQ4; apof<br>protein B | 3-100; apoB-48; apolipo | 1:1000<br>FC 1:50 -   |
|                       |                                       |                         | 1,200                 |

## **Product information**

| Source                     | Mouse  |
|----------------------------|--|
| Isotype                    | lgG  |
| <b>Purification method</b> | Affinity purification  |
| Storage                    | Store at -20°C. Avoid freeze / thaw cycles.<br>Buffer: PBS with 0.02% sodium azide, 50% glycerol, pH7.3. |

## Background

This gene product is the main apolipoprotein of chylomicrons and low density lipoproteins. It occurs in plasma as two main isoforms, apoB-48 and apoB-100: the former is synthesized exclusively in the gut and the latter in the liver. The intestinal and the hepatic forms of apoB are encoded by a single gene from a single, very long mRNA. The two isoforms share a common N-terminal sequence. The shorter apoB-48 protein is produced after RNA editing of the apoB-100 transcript at residue 2180 (CAA->UAA), resulting in the creation of a stop codon, and early translation termination. Mutations in this gene or its regulatory region cause hypobetalipoproteinemia, normotriglyceridemic hypobetalipoproteinemia, and hypercholesterolemia due to ligand-defective apoB, diseases affecting plasma cholesterol and apoB levels.



Western blot - APOB Monoclonal Antibody (A1329)