

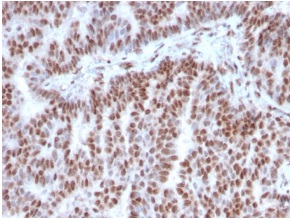
# Anti-Estrogen Receptor alpha Antibody [ESR1/3342] - BSA and Azide free (A251658)

## Specifications:

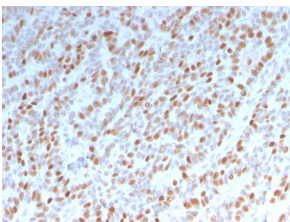
Name:	Anti-Estrogen Receptor alpha Antibody [ESR1/3342] - BSA and Azide free
Description:	Mouse monoclonal [ESR1/3342] antibody to Estrogen Receptor alpha.
Specificity:	This antibody is specific to estrogen receptor alpha (ER alpha) and shows minimal cross-reaction with other members of the family. ER is an important regulator of growth and differentiation in the mammary gland. Presence of ER in breast tumors indicates an increased likelihood of response to anti-estrogen (e.g. tamoxifen) therapy. It strongly stains nuclei of epithelial cells in breast carcinomas.
Applications:	IHC-P
Recommended Dilutions:	IHC-P: 1-2 µg/ml
Reactivity:	Human
Immunogen:	Recombinant full-length human Estrogen Receptor alpha protein.
Host:	Mouse
Clonality:	Monoclonal
Clone ID:	ESR1/3342
Isotype:	IgG2b
Light Chains:	kappa
Conjugate:	Unconjugated
Purification:	Protein A/G chromatography.
Concentration:	1 mg/ml
Product Form:	Liquid
Formulation:	Supplied in 10mM Phosphate Buffered Saline; without Sodium Azide and carrier free.
Storage:	Shipped at 4°C. Upon delivery aliquot and store at -20°C. Avoid freeze / thaw cycles.
General Notes:	This monoclonal antibody is also available in a different formulation with BSA and Sodium Azide - Anti-Estrogen Receptor alpha Antibody [ESR1/3342] (A248476).
Disclaimer:	This product is for research use only. It is not intended for diagnostic or therapeutic use.

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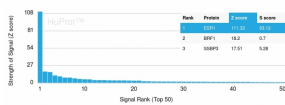
## Images:



Immunohistochemical analysis of formalin-fixed, paraffin-embedded human breast carcinoma using Anti-Estrogen Receptor alpha Antibody [ESR1/3342].



Immunohistochemical analysis of formalin-fixed, paraffin-embedded human breast carcinoma using Anti-Estrogen Receptor alpha Antibody [ESR1/3342].



Analysis of protein array containing more than 19,000 full-length human proteins using Anti-Estrogen Receptor alpha Antibody [ESR1/3342]. Z-Score and S-Score: The Z-score represents the strength of a signal that a monoclonal antibody (MAb) (in combination with a fluorescently-tagged anti-IgG secondary antibody) produces when binding to a particular protein on the HuProt™ array. Z-scores are described in units of standard deviations (SD's) above the mean value of all signals generated on that array. If targets on HuProt™ are arranged in descending order of the Z-score, the S-score is the difference (also in units of SD's) between the Z-score. S-score therefore represents the relative target specificity of a MAb to its intended target; a MAb is considered to be specific to its intended target, if the MAb has an S-score of at least 2.5. For example, if a MAb binds to protein X with a Z-score of 43 and to protein Y with a Z-score of 14, then the S-score for the binding of that MAb to protein X is equal to 29.